

Color, Clarity & Deception

The Human Factor

Benjamin Bach

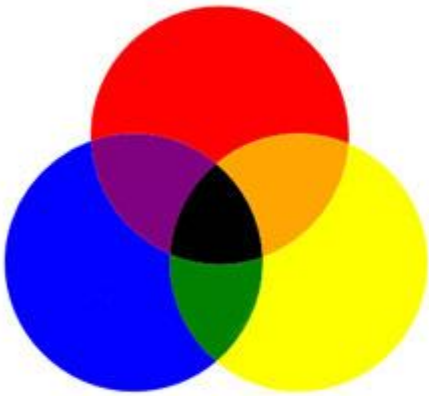
March 2019

Edinburgh University

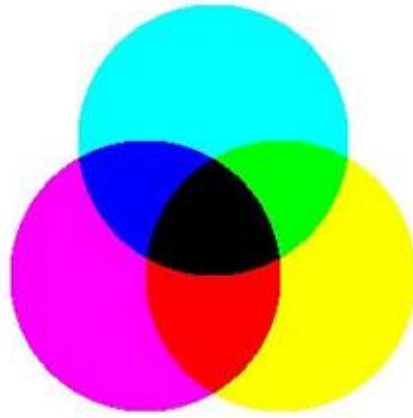
bbach@inf.ed.ac.uk

Color

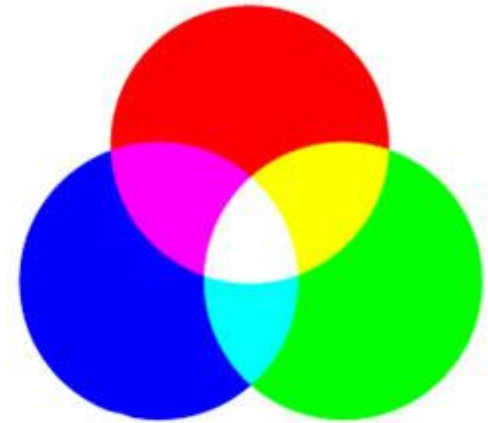
Color Models



RYB



CMYK

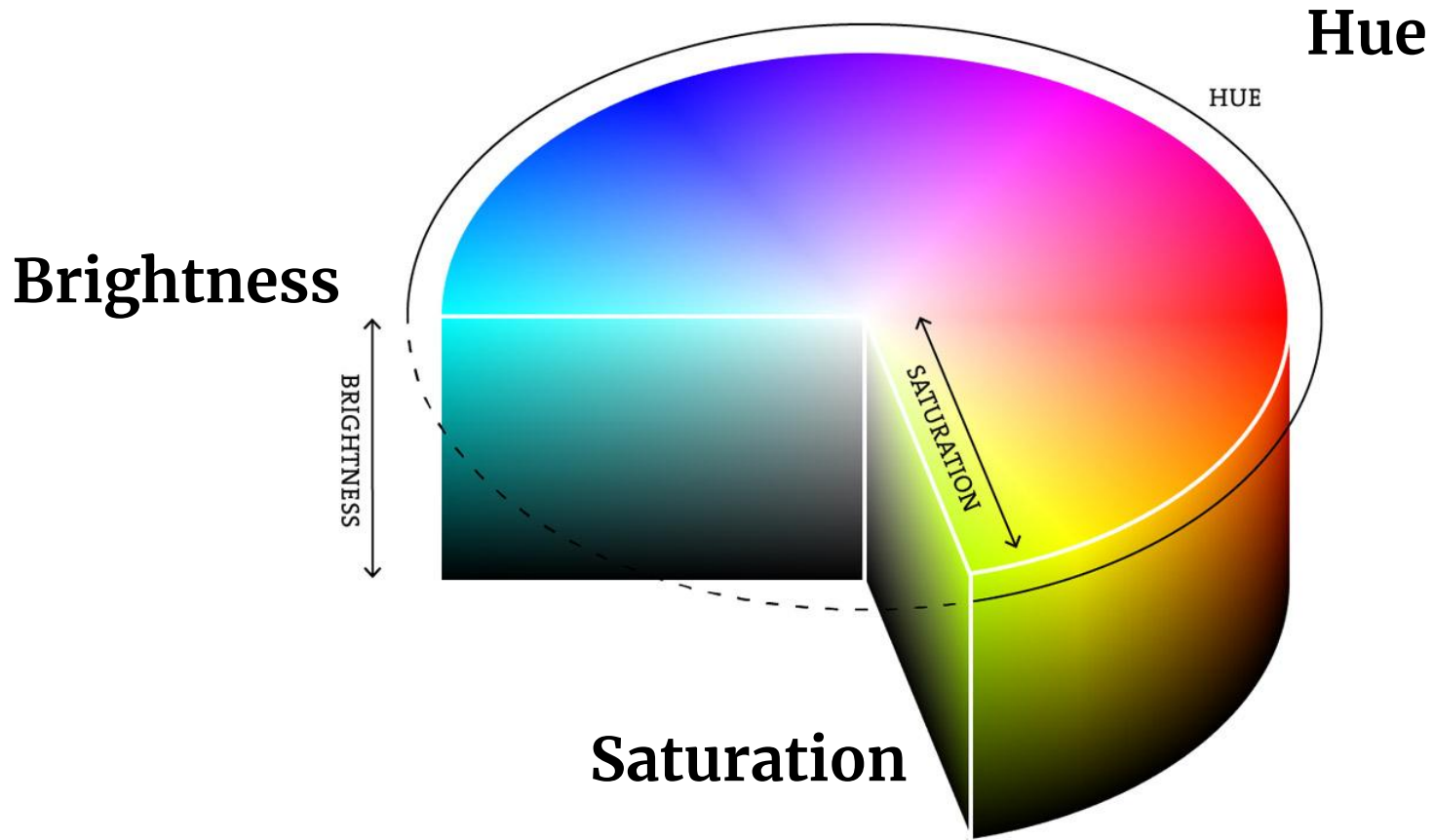


RGB

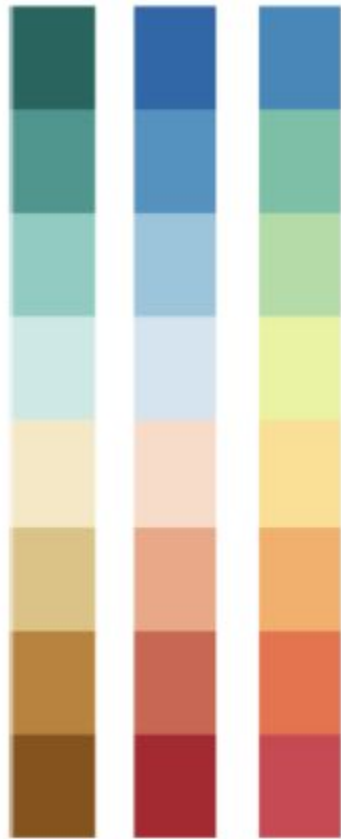
Subtractive
Models

Additive
Models

HSB Model



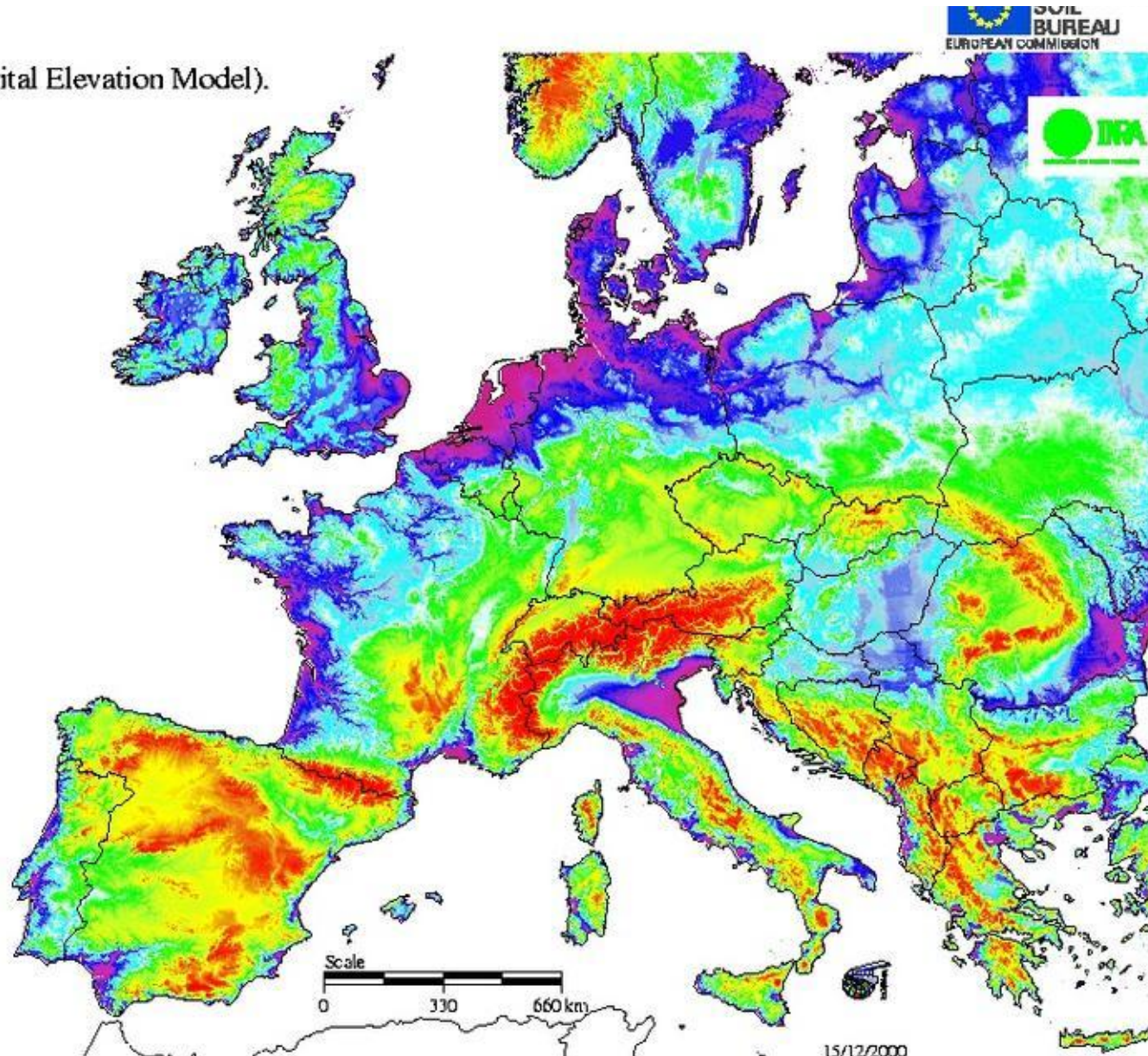
Color Scales



diverging

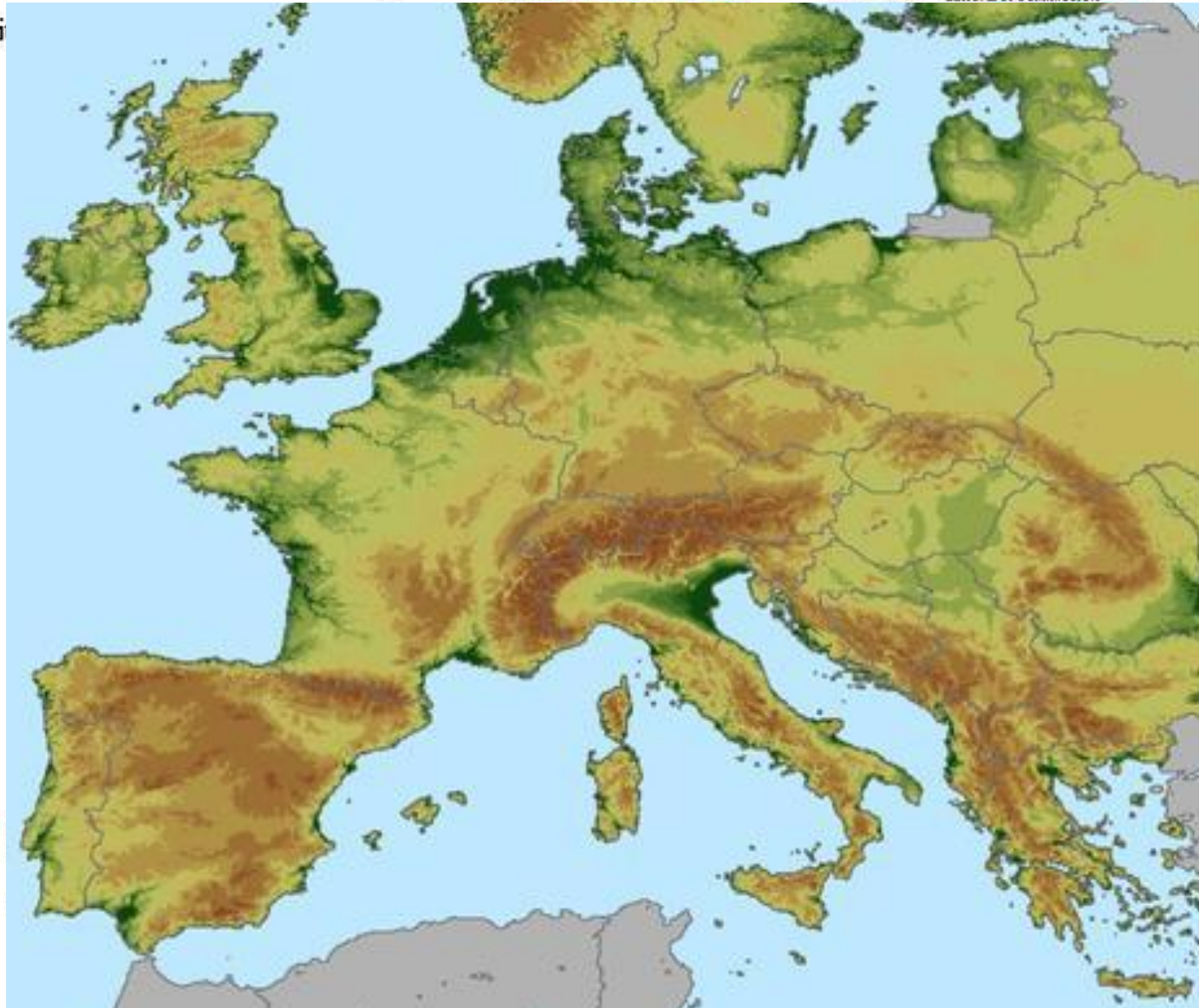
Rainbow Colormap

Digital Elevation Model).



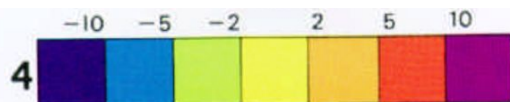
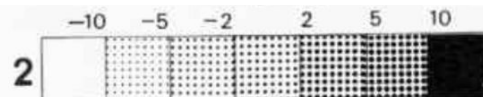
Rainbow Colormap

Digi



Rainbow Scale Considerations

Map 1



Color (mis)use

Country Level Sales Rank Top 5 Drugs

Rainbow distribution in color indicates sales rank in given country from #1 (red) to #10 or higher (dark purple)

Country	A	B	C	D	E
AUS	1	2	3	6	7
BRA	1	3	4	5	6
CAN	2	3	6	12	8
CHI	1	2	8	4	7
FRA	3	2	4	8	10
GER	3	1	6	5	4
IND	4	1	8	10	5
ITA	2	4	10	9	8
MEX	1	5	4	6	3
RUS	4	3	7	9	12
SPA	2	3	4	5	11
TUR	7	2	3	4	8
UK	1	2	3	6	7
US	1	2	4	3	5

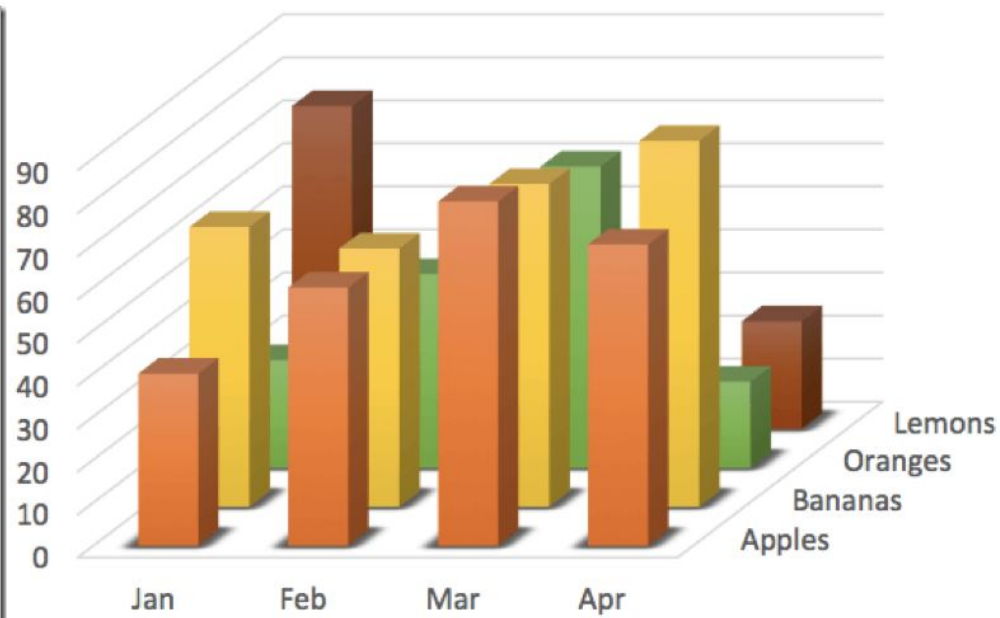
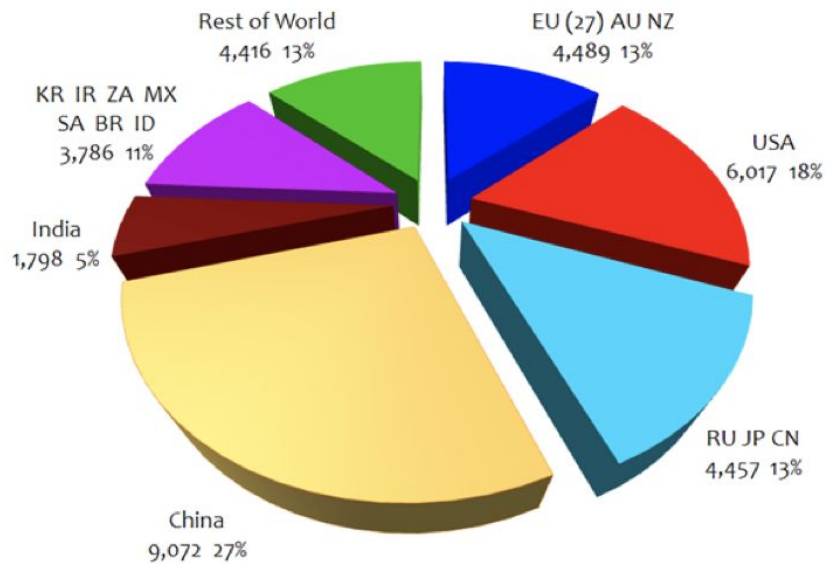
Top 5 drugs: country-level sales rank

		RANK				
		1	2	3	4	5+
COUNTRY DRUG	A	B	C	D	E	
Australia	1	2	3	6	7	
Brazil	1	3	4	5	6	
Canada	2	3	6	12	8	
China	1	2	8	4	7	
France	3	2	4	8	10	
Germany	3	1	6	5	4	
India	4	1	8	10	5	
Italy	2	4	10	9	8	
Mexico	1	5	4	6	3	
Russia	4	3	7	9	12	
Spain	2	3	4	5	11	
Turkey	7	2	3	4	8	
United Kingdom	1	2	3	6	7	
United States	1	2	4	3	5	

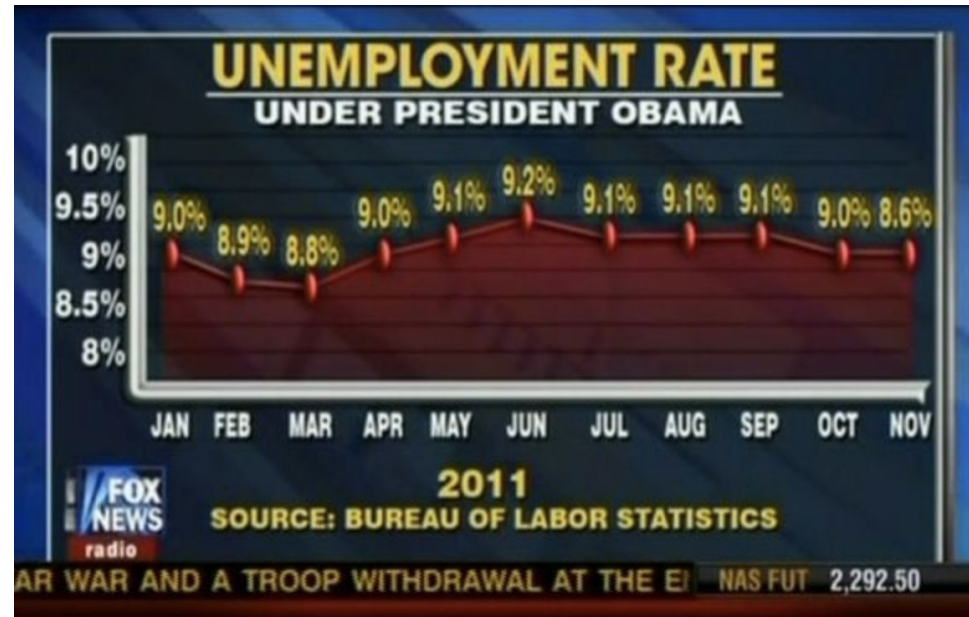
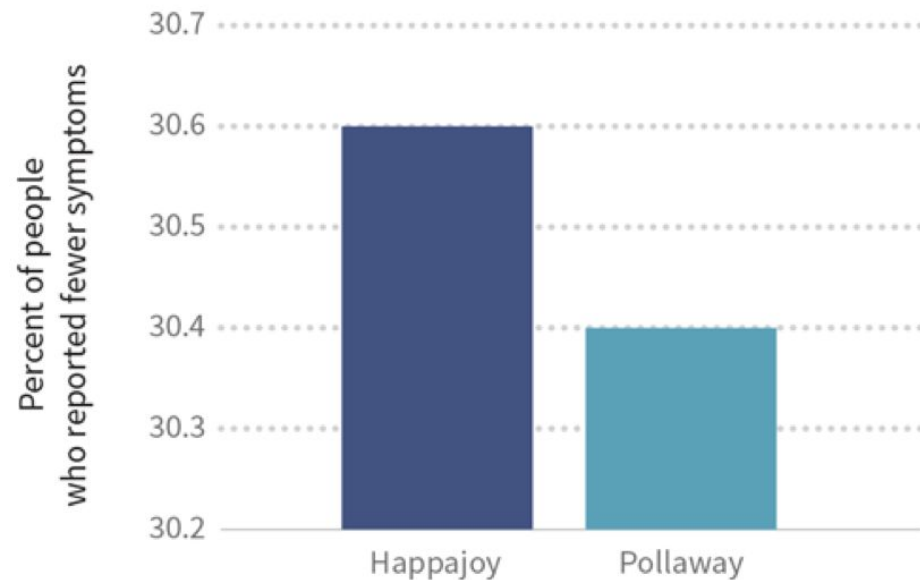
FIGURE 4.15 Use color sparingly

Deception

CO2 emissions 2011: '000,000 tonnes



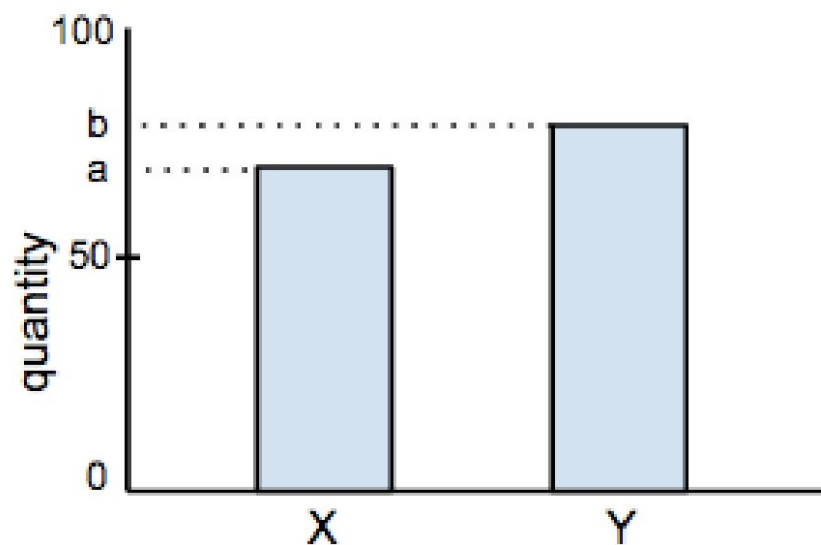
Effectiveness of Allergy Medicines



How [not] to lie with X

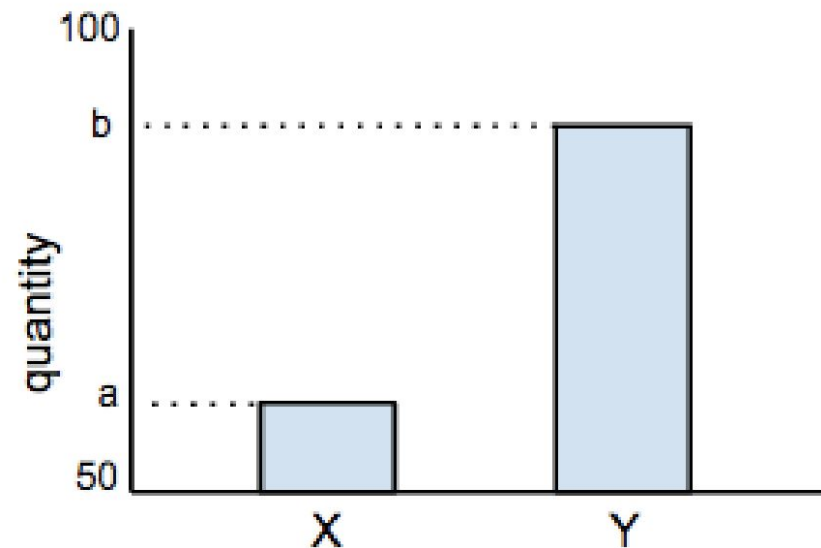
- Huff, D. (1993). *How to lie with statistics*. WW Norton & Company.
- King, G. (1986). **How not to lie with statistics**: Avoiding common mistakes in quantitative political science. *American Journal of Political Science*, 666–687.
- Jones, G. E. (2011). *How to lie with charts*. LaPuerta Books and Media.
- Monmonier, M. (2018). *How to lie with maps*. University of Chicago Press.
- Rogowitz, B. E., Treinish, L. A., & Bryson, S. (1996). **How not to lie with visualization**. *Computers in Physics*, 10(3), 268–273.
- Pandey, A. V., Rall, K., Satterthwaite, M. L., Nov, O., & Bertini, E. (2015, April). **How deceptive are deceptive visualizations?**: An empirical analysis of common distortion techniques. In *Proceedings of the 33rd Annual ACM Conference on Human Factors in Computing Systems* (pp. 1469–1478). ACM.

Trunkated Axes



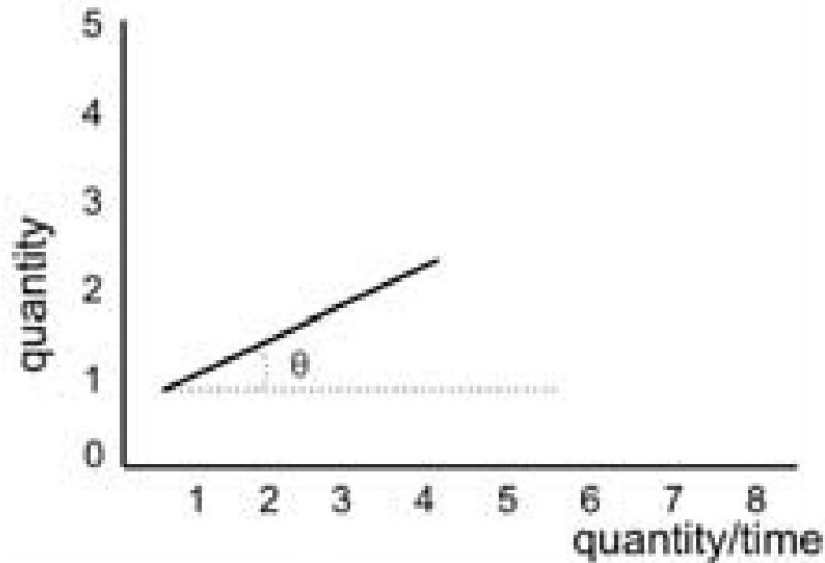
Control

vs.



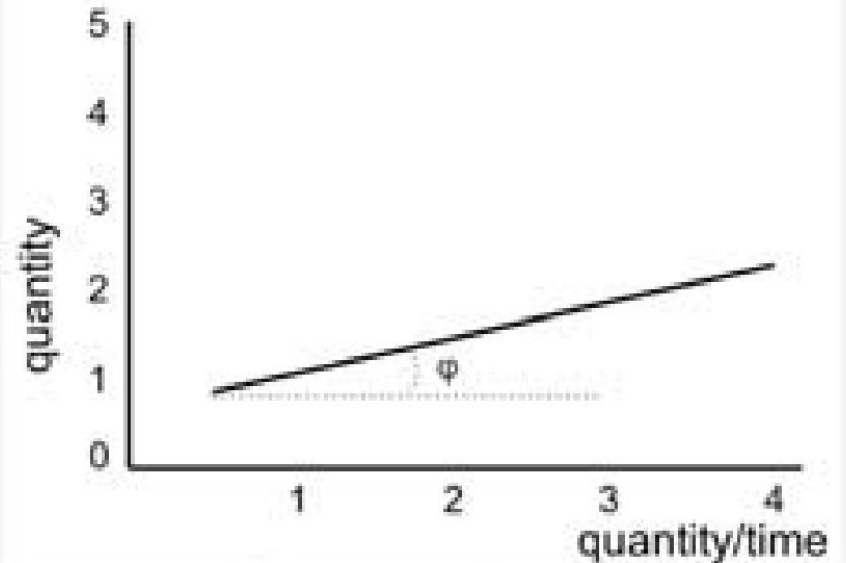
Deceptive

Slopes 45°



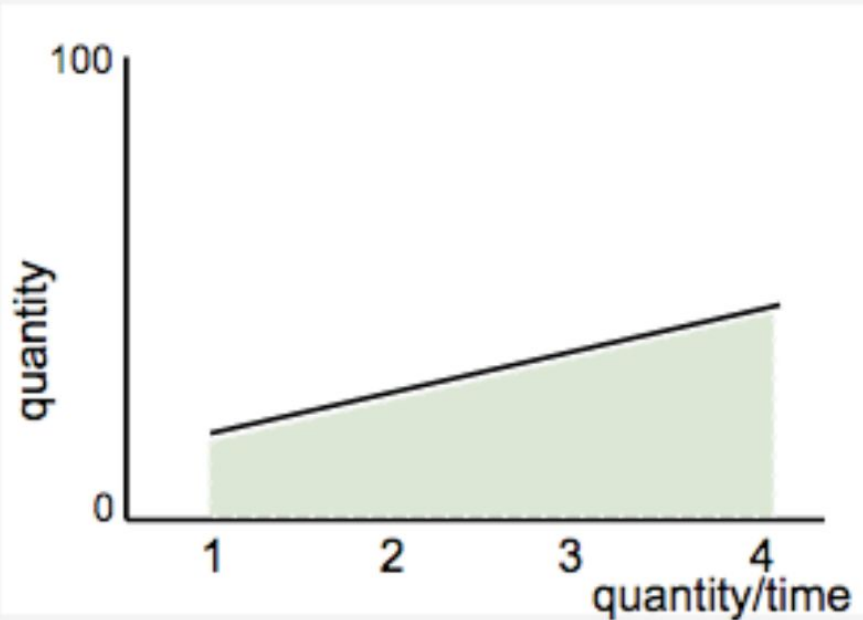
Control

vs.



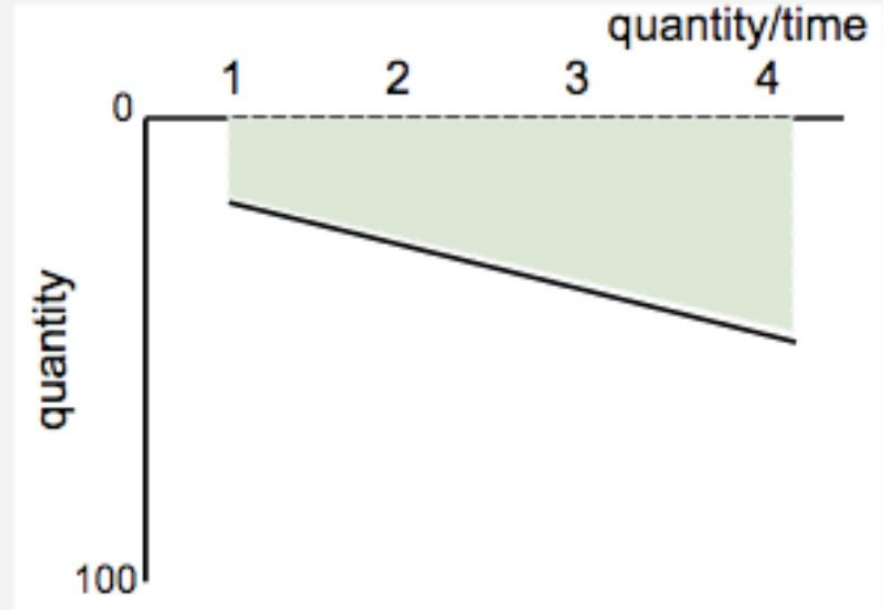
Deceptive

Inverse charts



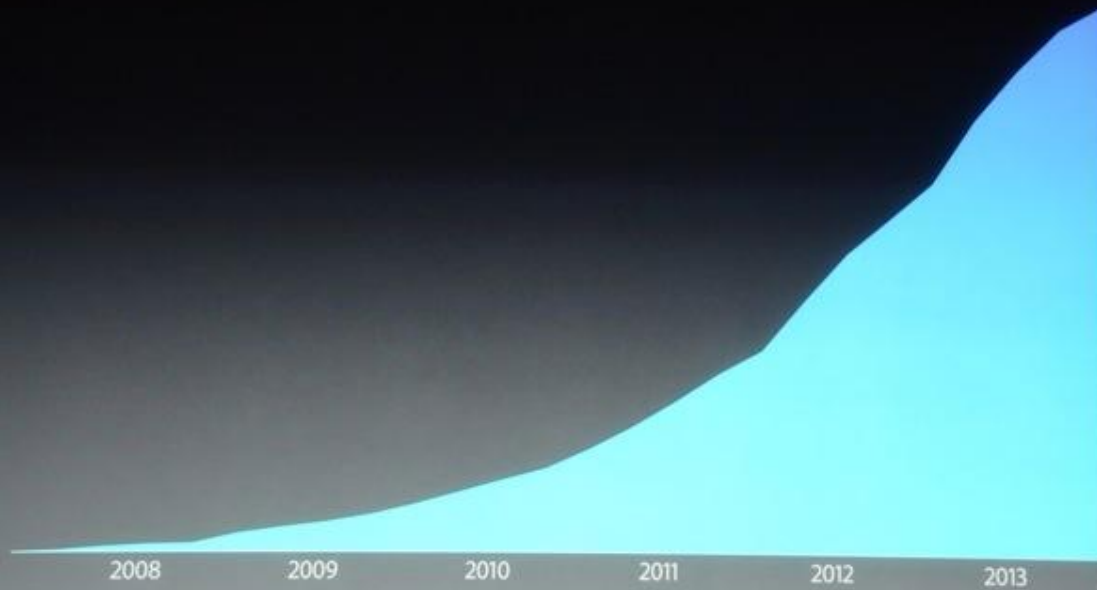
Control

vs.



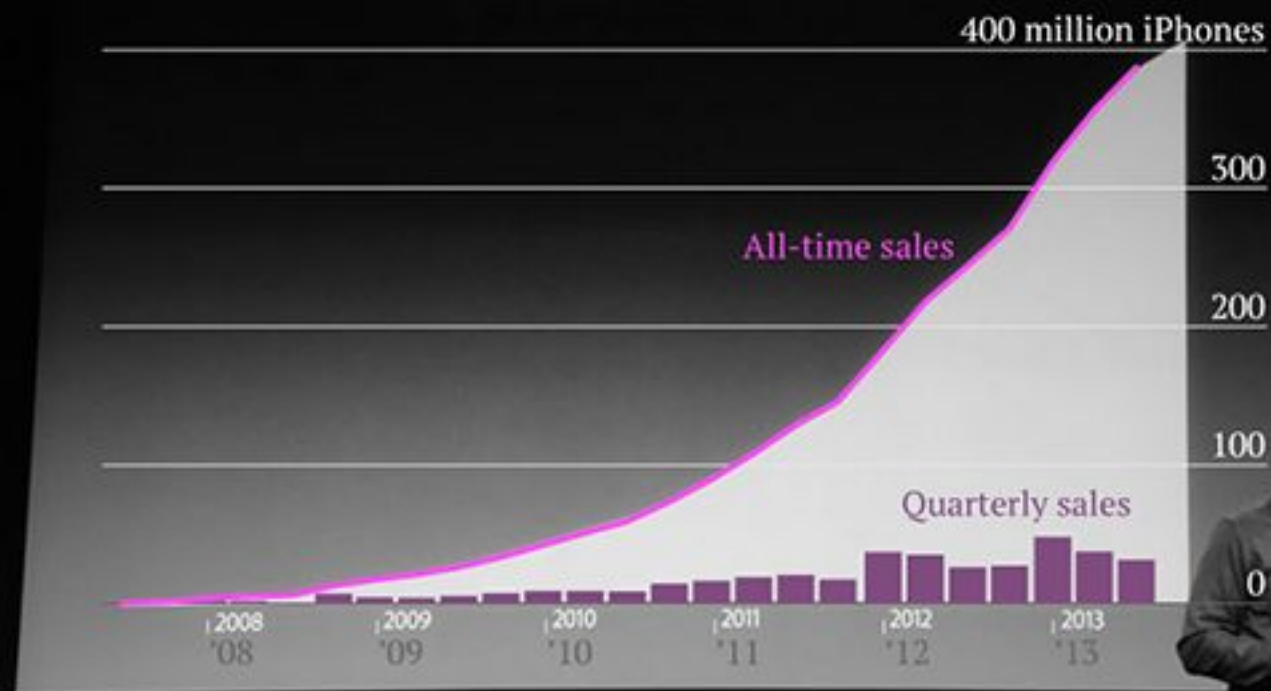
Deceptive

Cumulative iPhone sales



THE VERGE

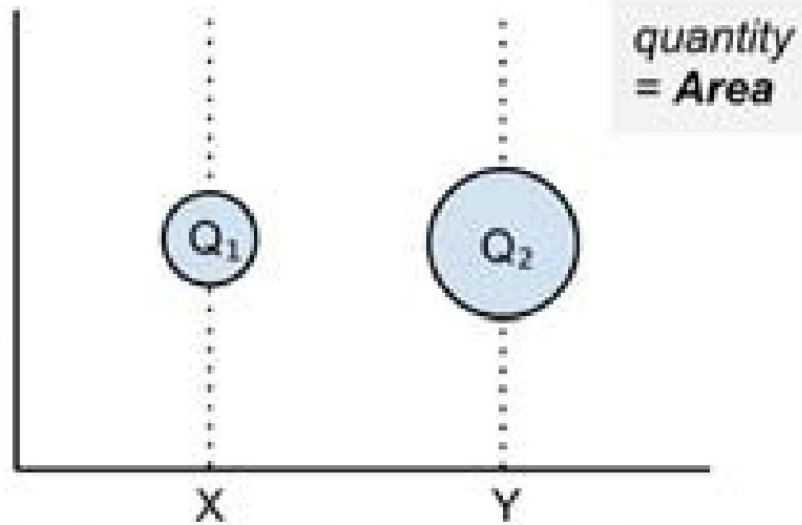
Cumulative iPhone sales



Quartz | qz.com
Data: Apple
Photo: The Verge

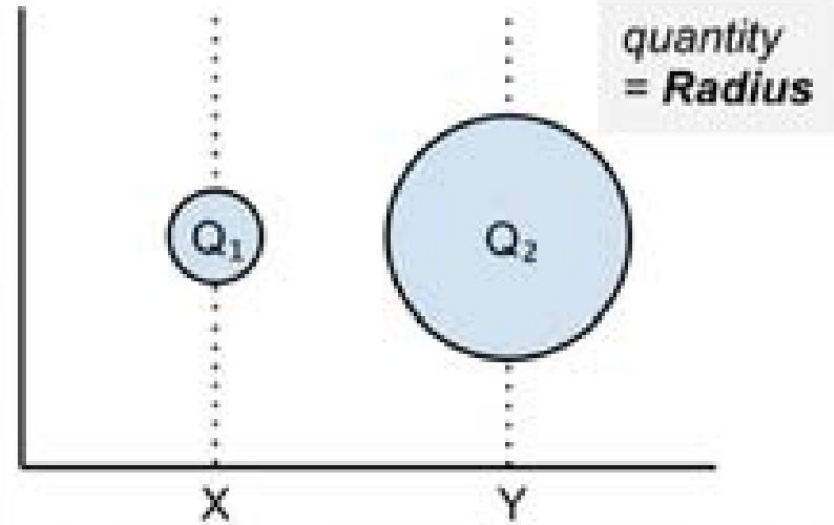
THE VERGE

Wrong sizes



Control

vs.



Deceptive

User study Results

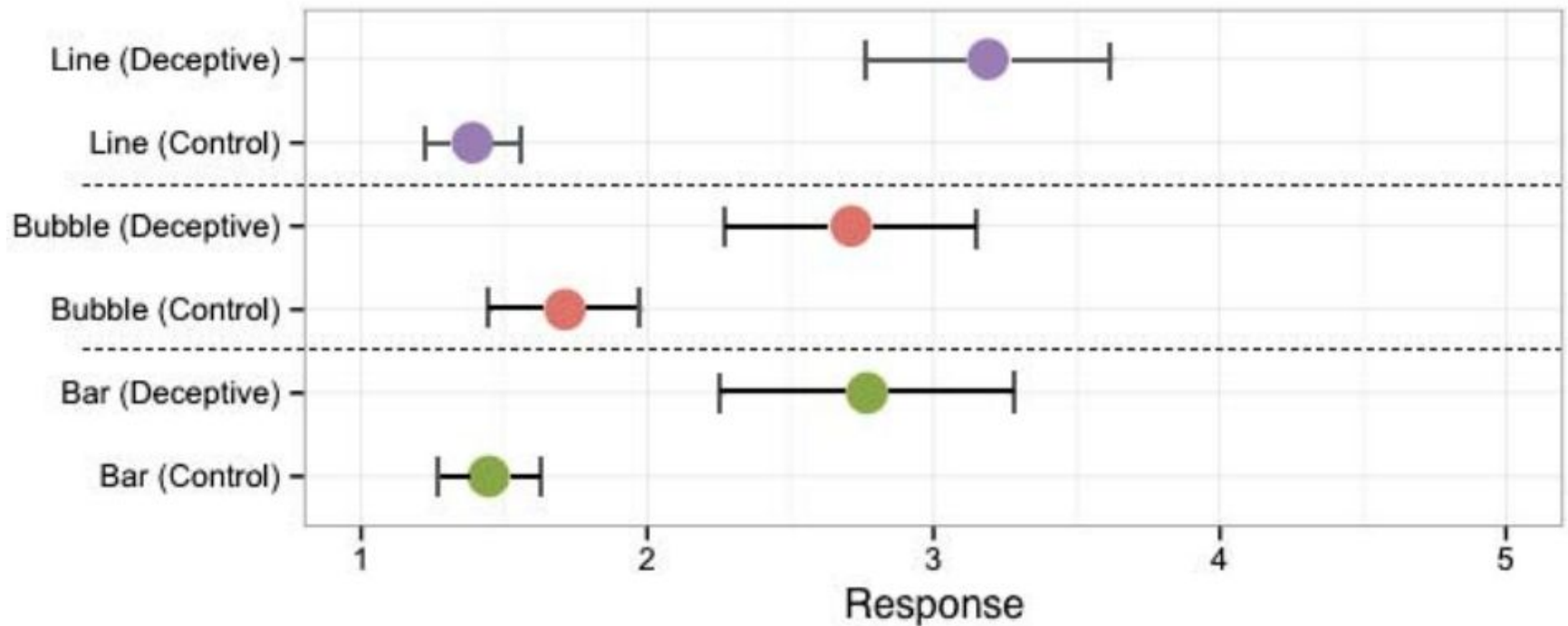


Figure 8. Average participant response with 95% confidence interval, when exposed to a treatment.

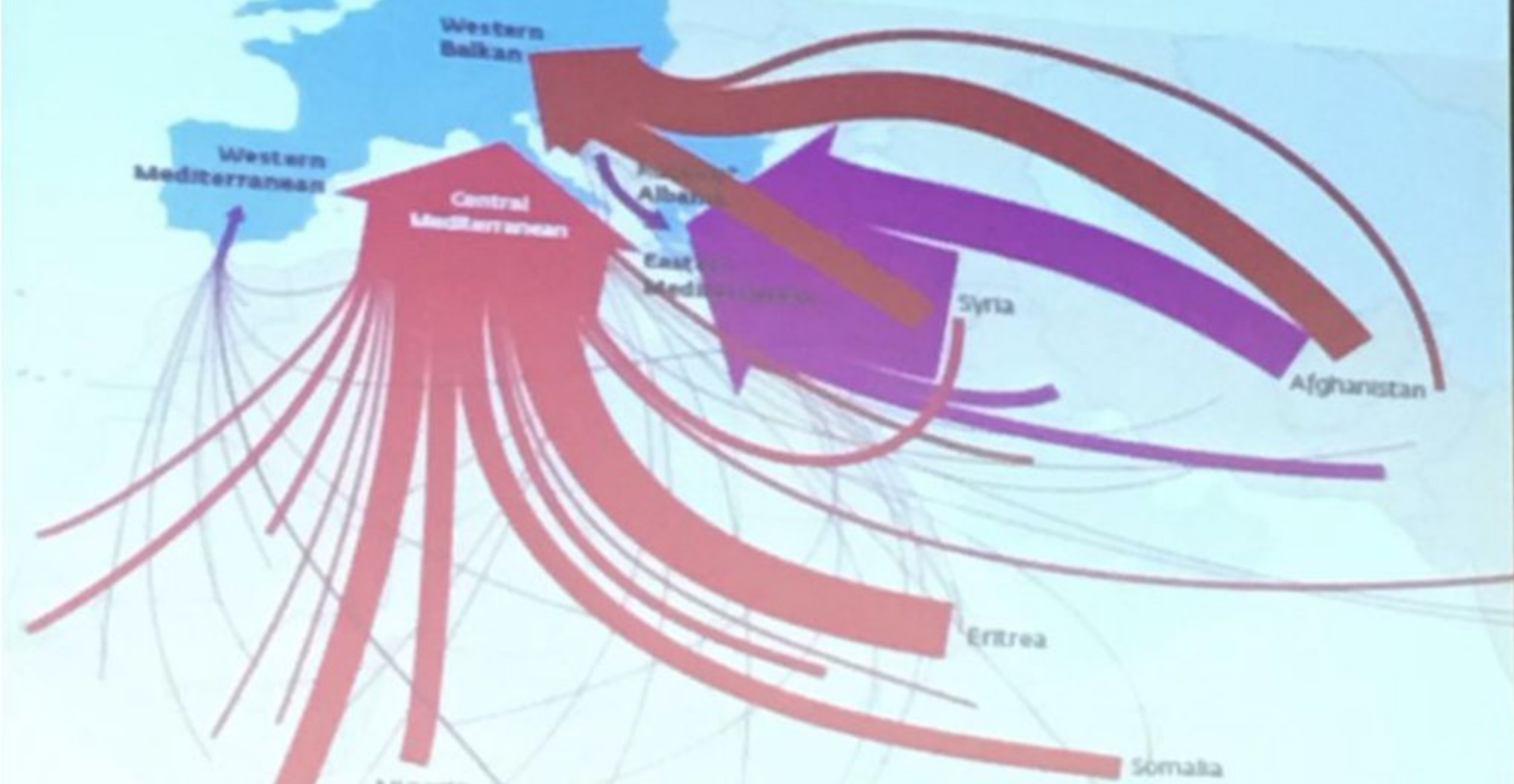
Common flaws (from 8 graphics only..)

1. Missing **scales**
 2. **3D** distortion
 3. **3D** occlusion
 4. Missing **color** contrast
 5. **Colors** are too similar
 6. Not B/W safe
 7. overuse of **texture**
 8. **Volume** as visual variable
 9. Un-proportional **mappings**
 10. Truncated **axes**
 11. Missing **titles**
 12. Missing axis **labels**
 13. Unnecessary shapes/**ink**
 14. Incomplete **data**
1. Wrong **legends**
 2. Bad visual **mappings**
 3. **Uncommon** / unknown design choices
 4. Too much **clutter**
 5. **Misplaced** data points
 6. Long lines, which are hard to follow
 7. Missing **legends**
 8. **Too much** information in one graphic
 9. **Missing** descriptions
 10. **Overlapping** graphical elements
 11. **Too many** charts in one

Nationalities

"Risk analysis" Frontex, 2015

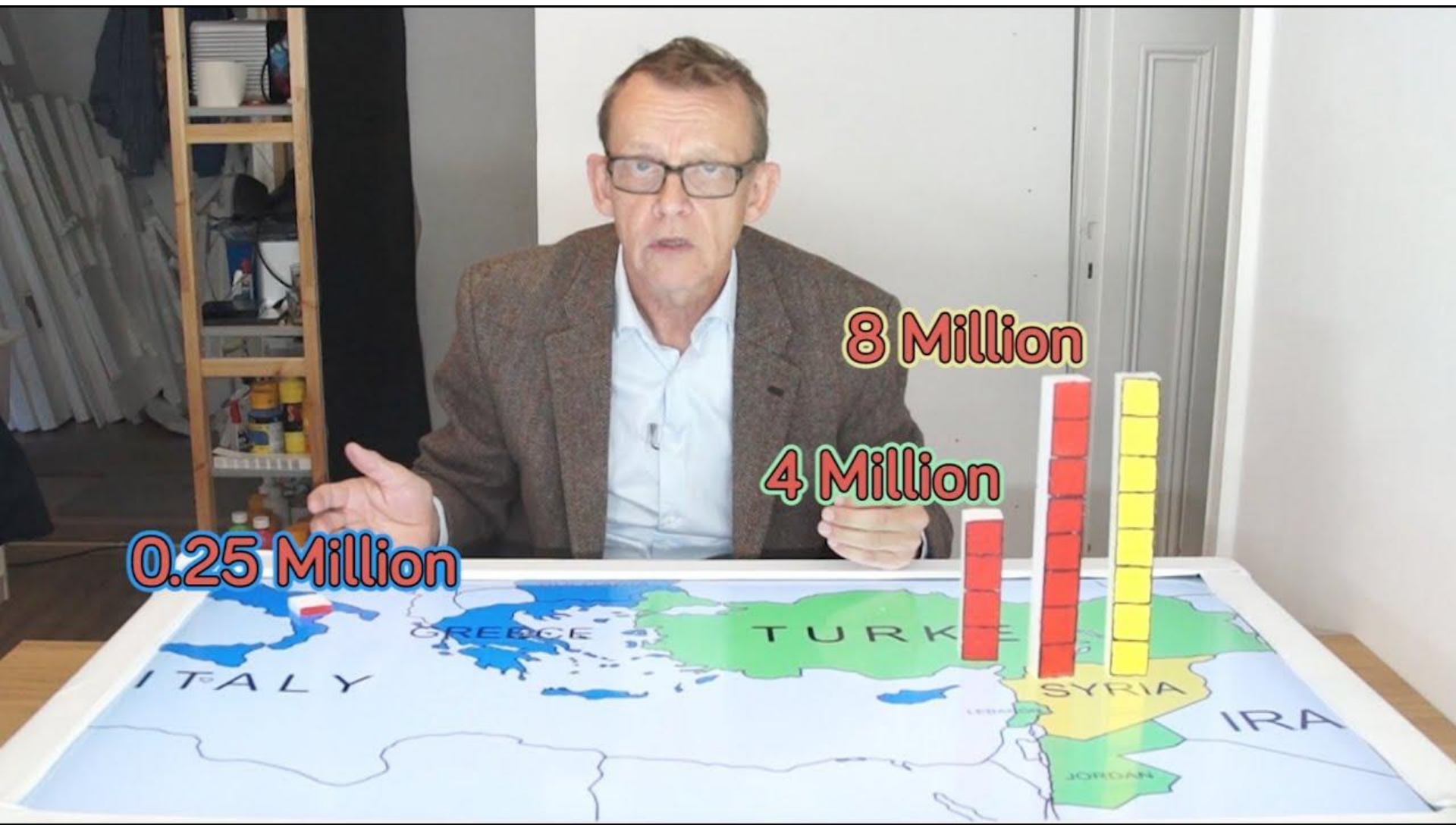
Main nationalities
of illegal border-crossers, April-June 2015



0.25 Million

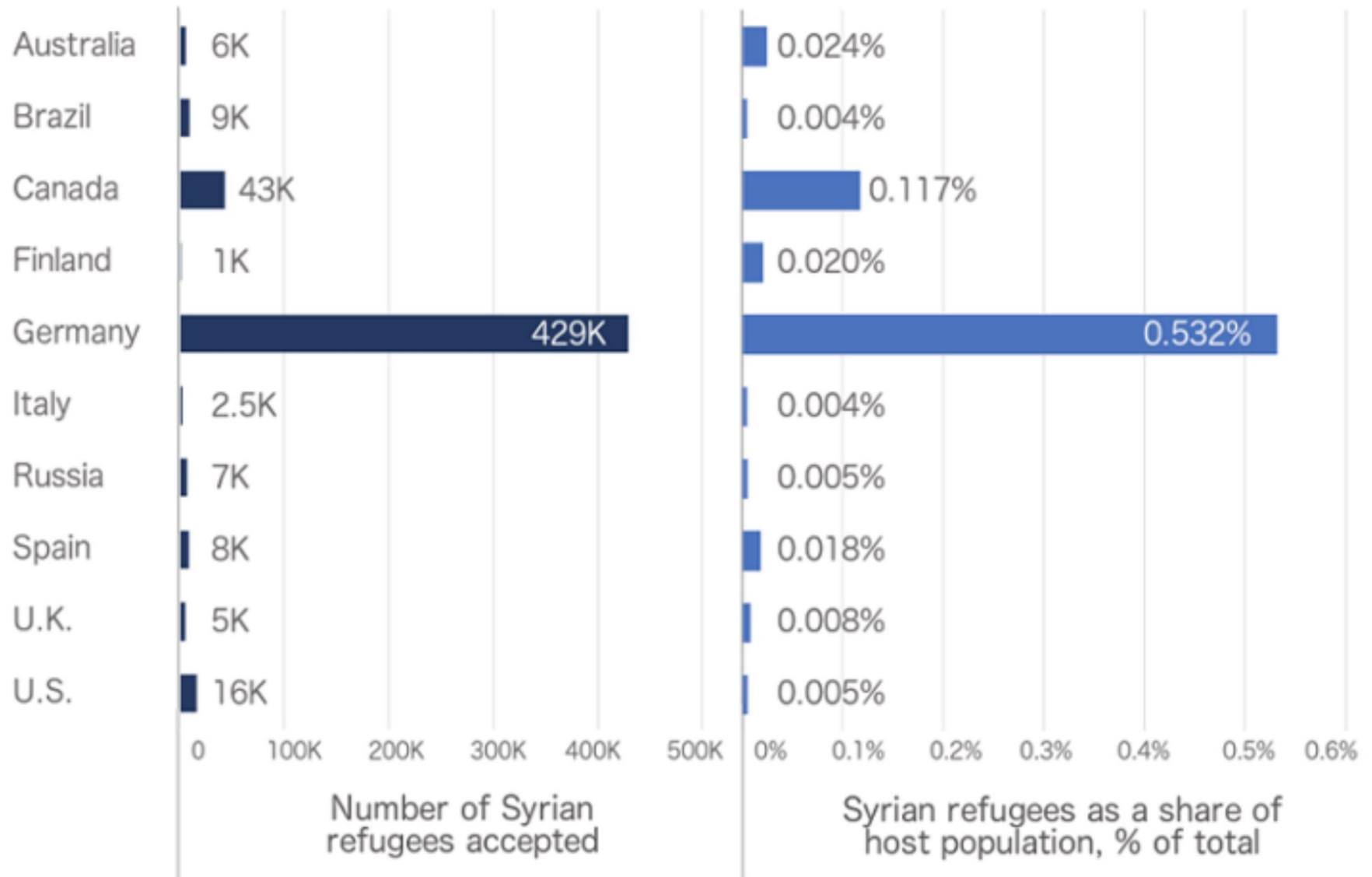
4 Million

8 Million



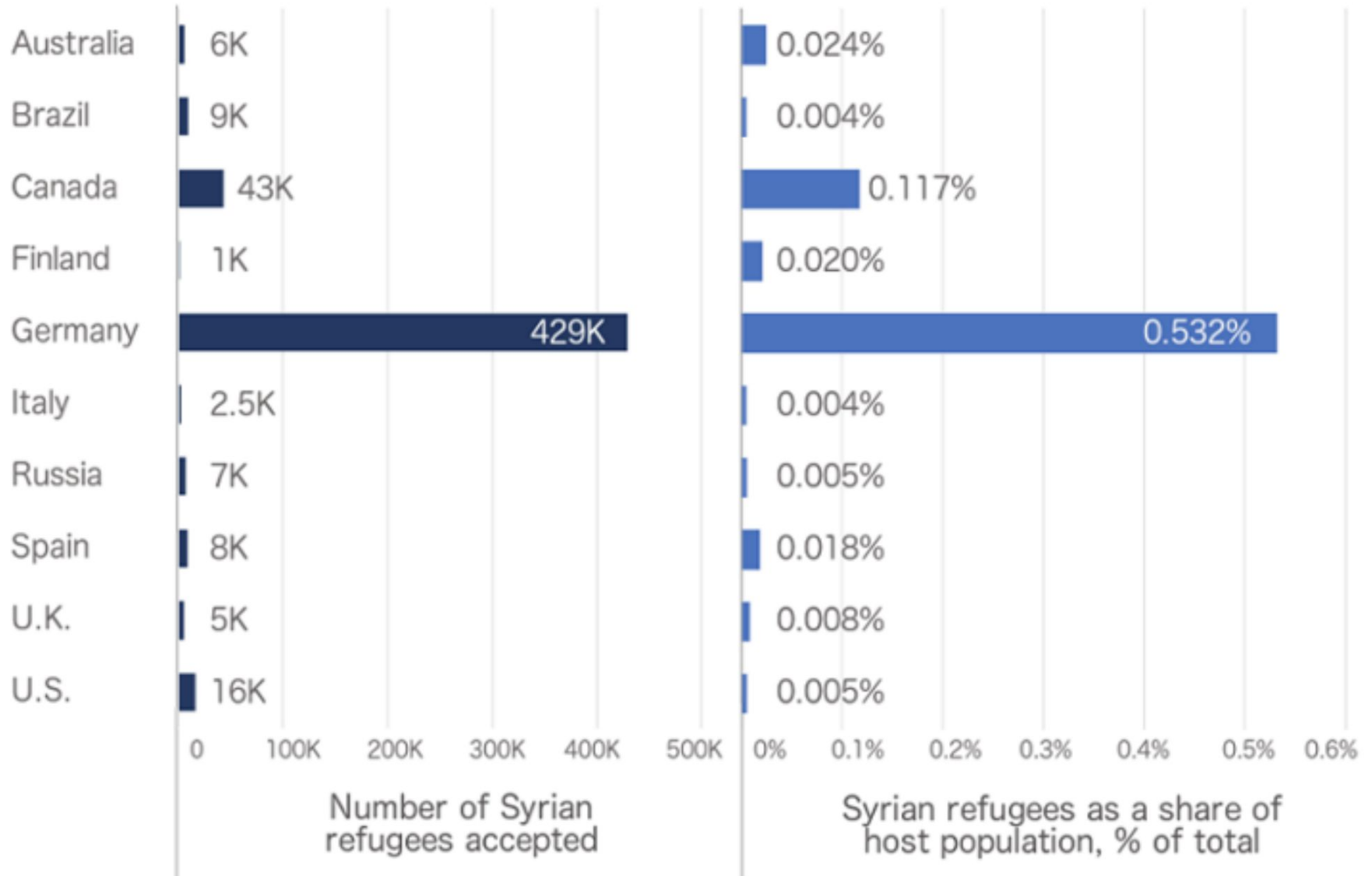
Letting in Potential Killers?

Non-neighboring
countries



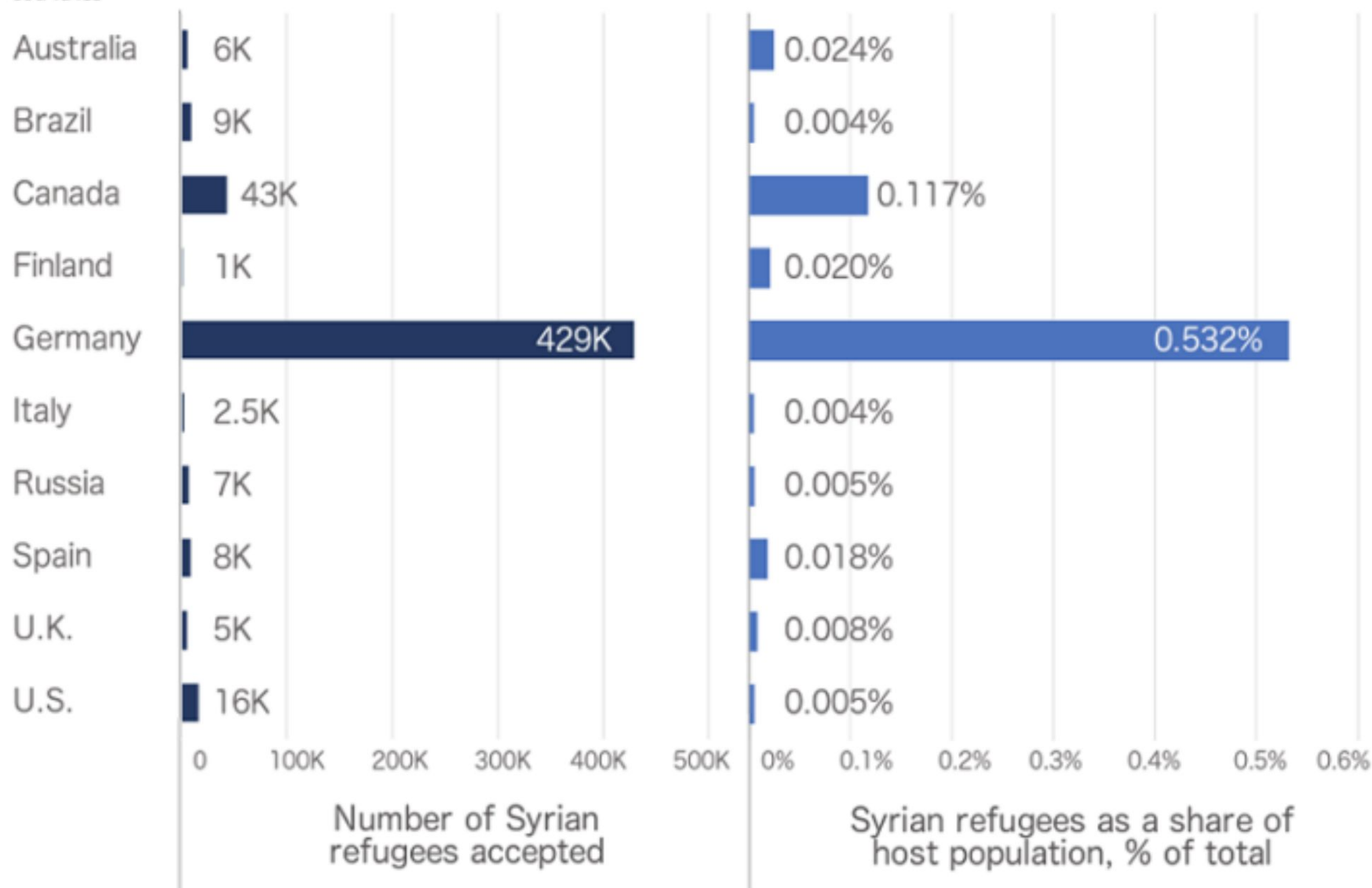
We must do our share!

Non-neighboring
countries

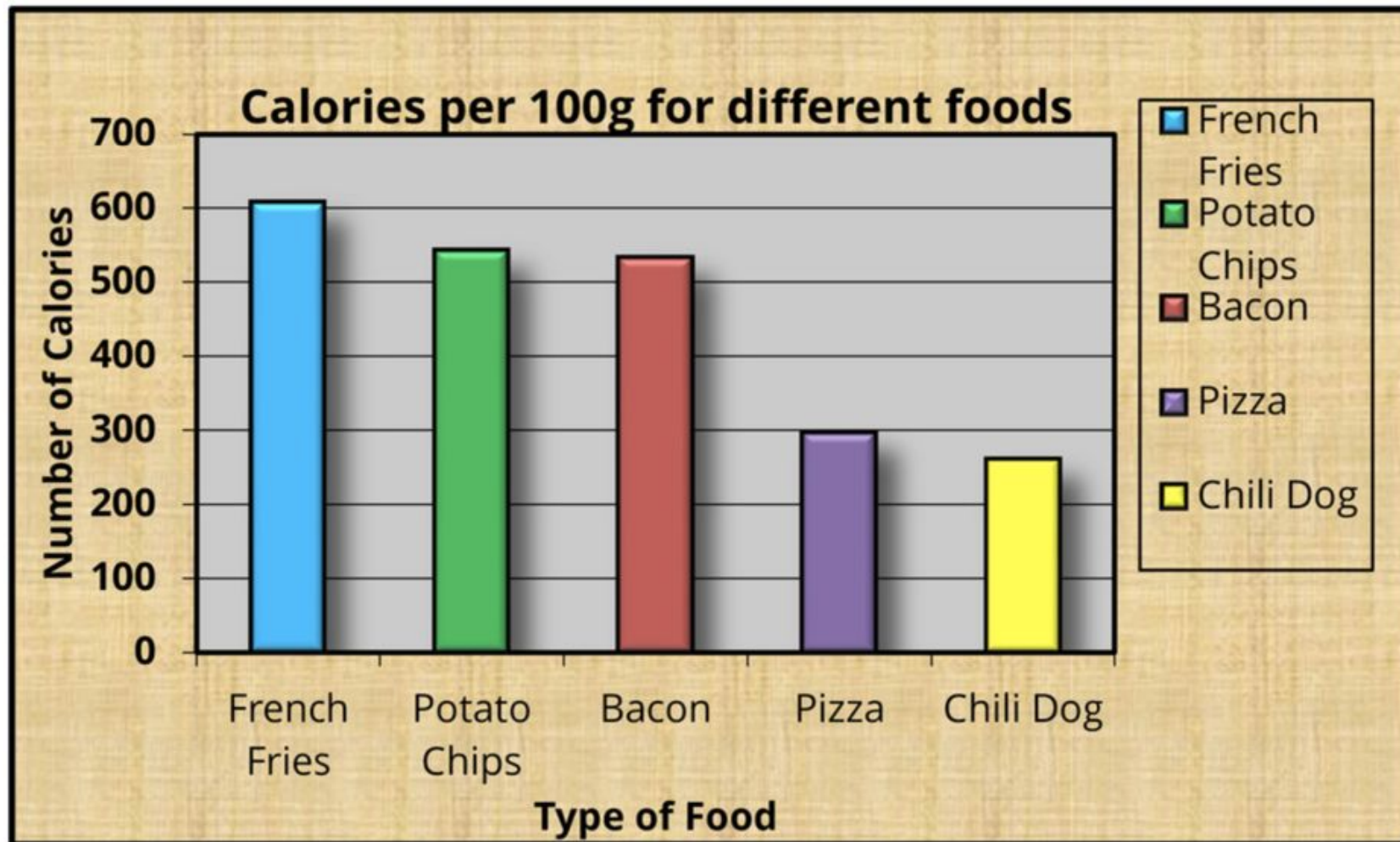


Syrian Refugee Distribution:

Non-neighboring
countries

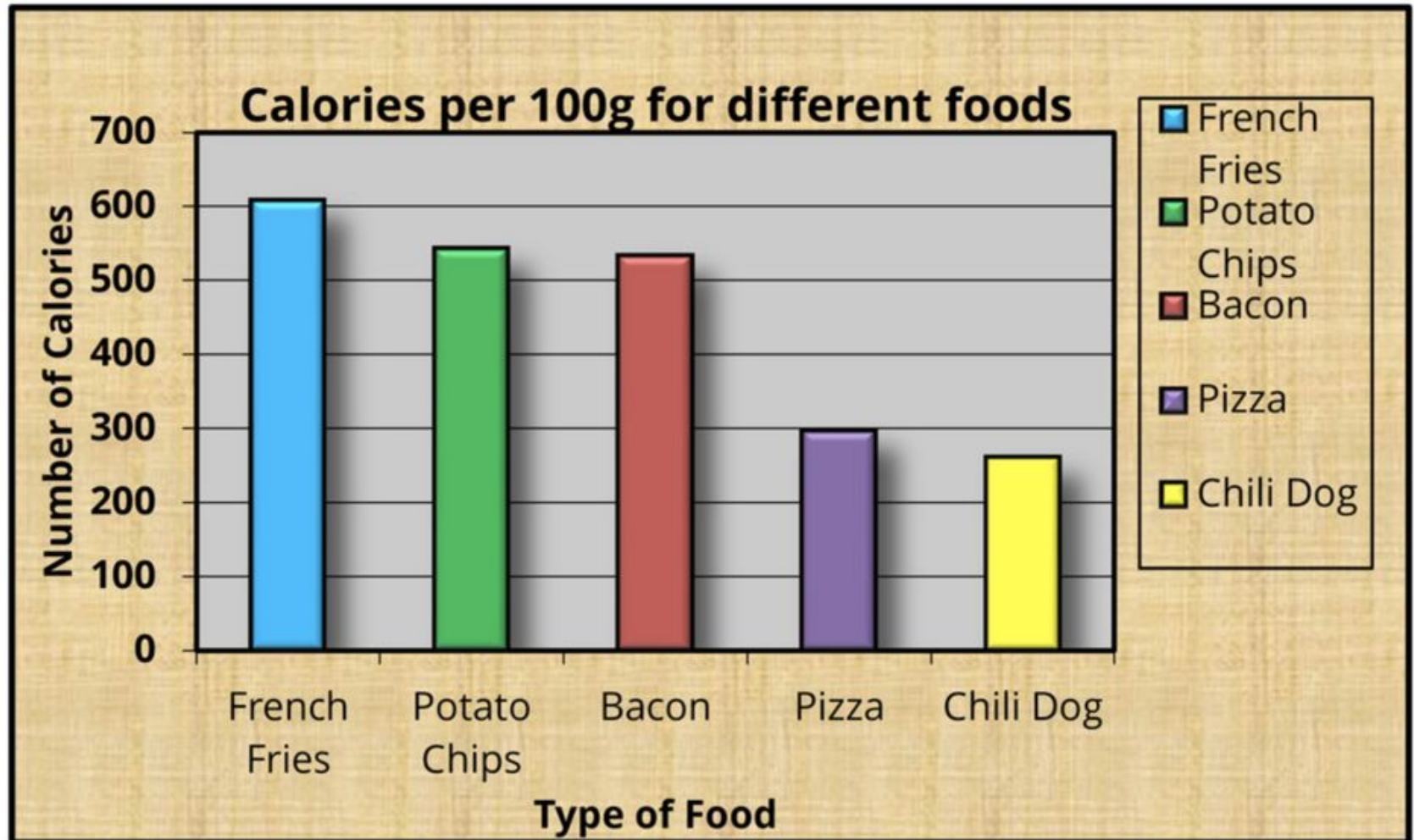


Clarity

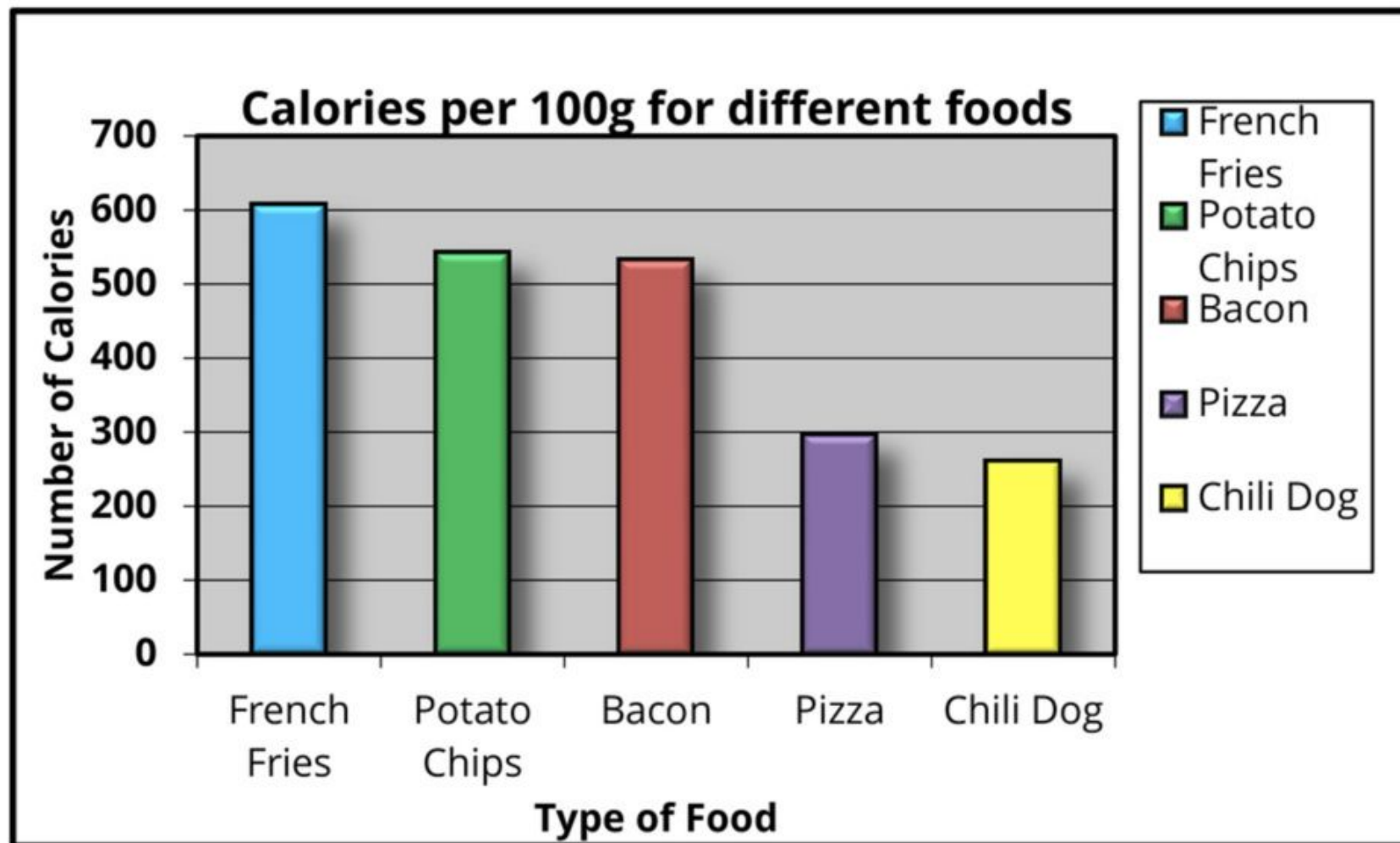


$$\text{Data-Ink Ratio} = \frac{\text{Data-Ink}}{\text{Total Ink used to represent the graphic}}$$

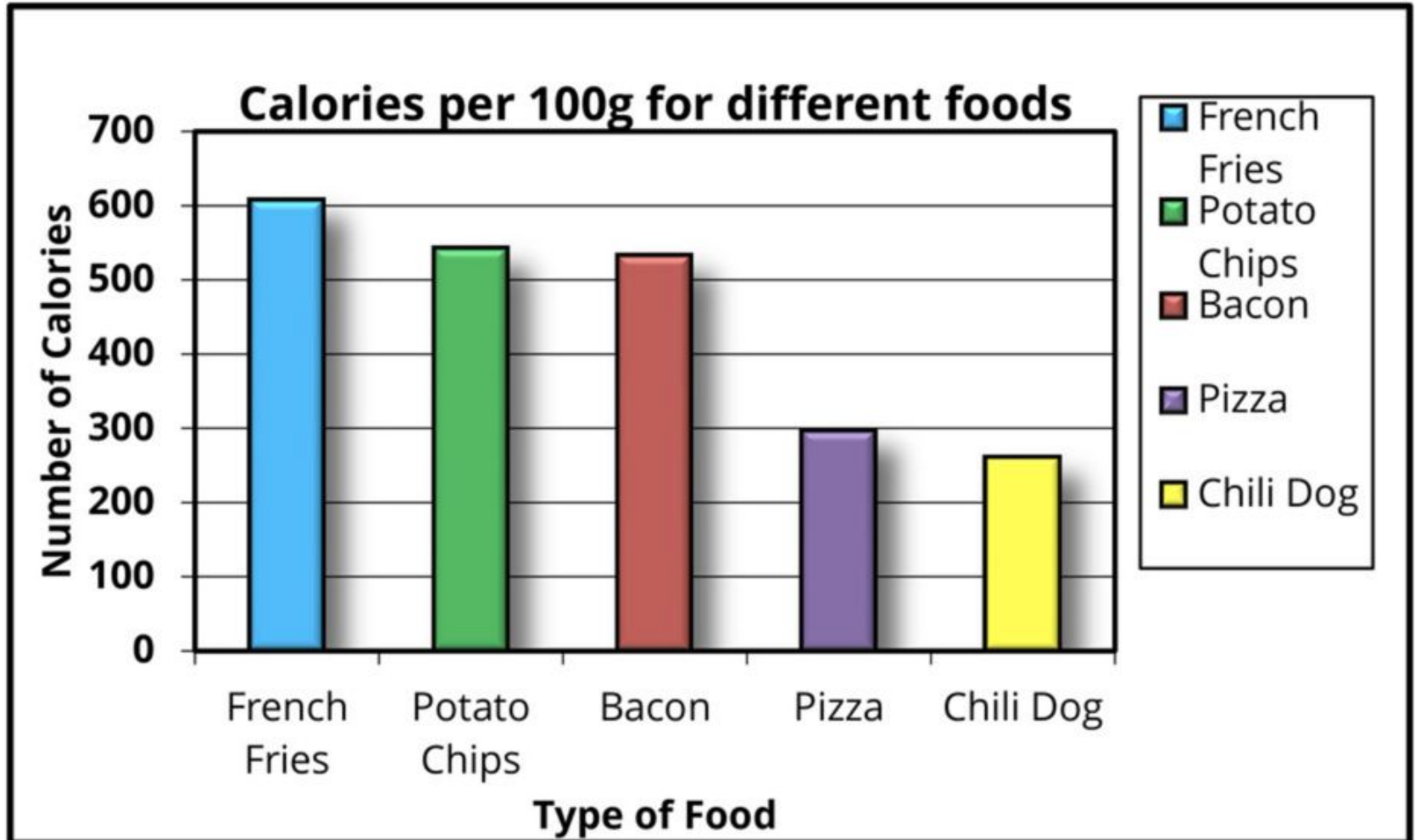
Remove backgrounds



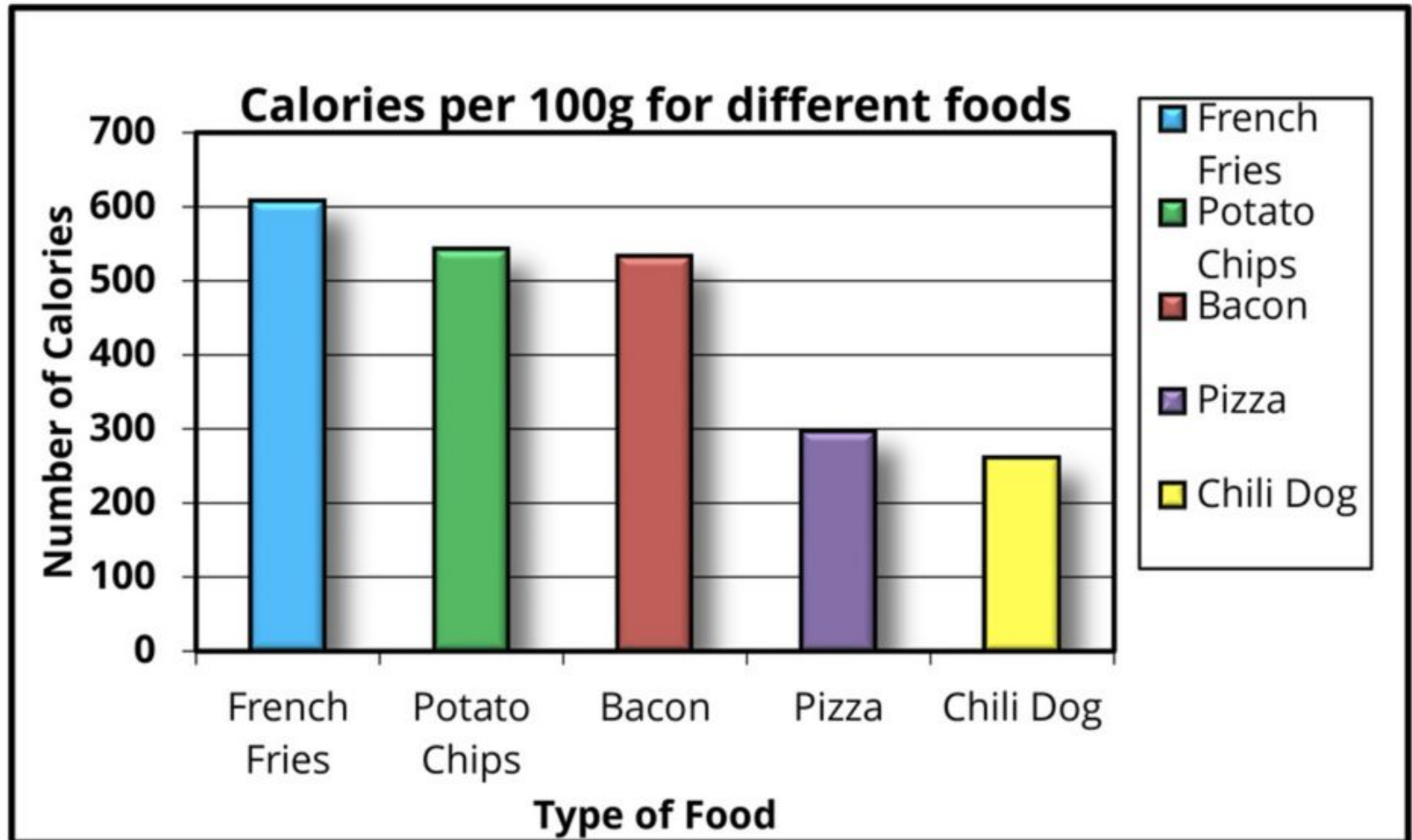
Remove backgrounds



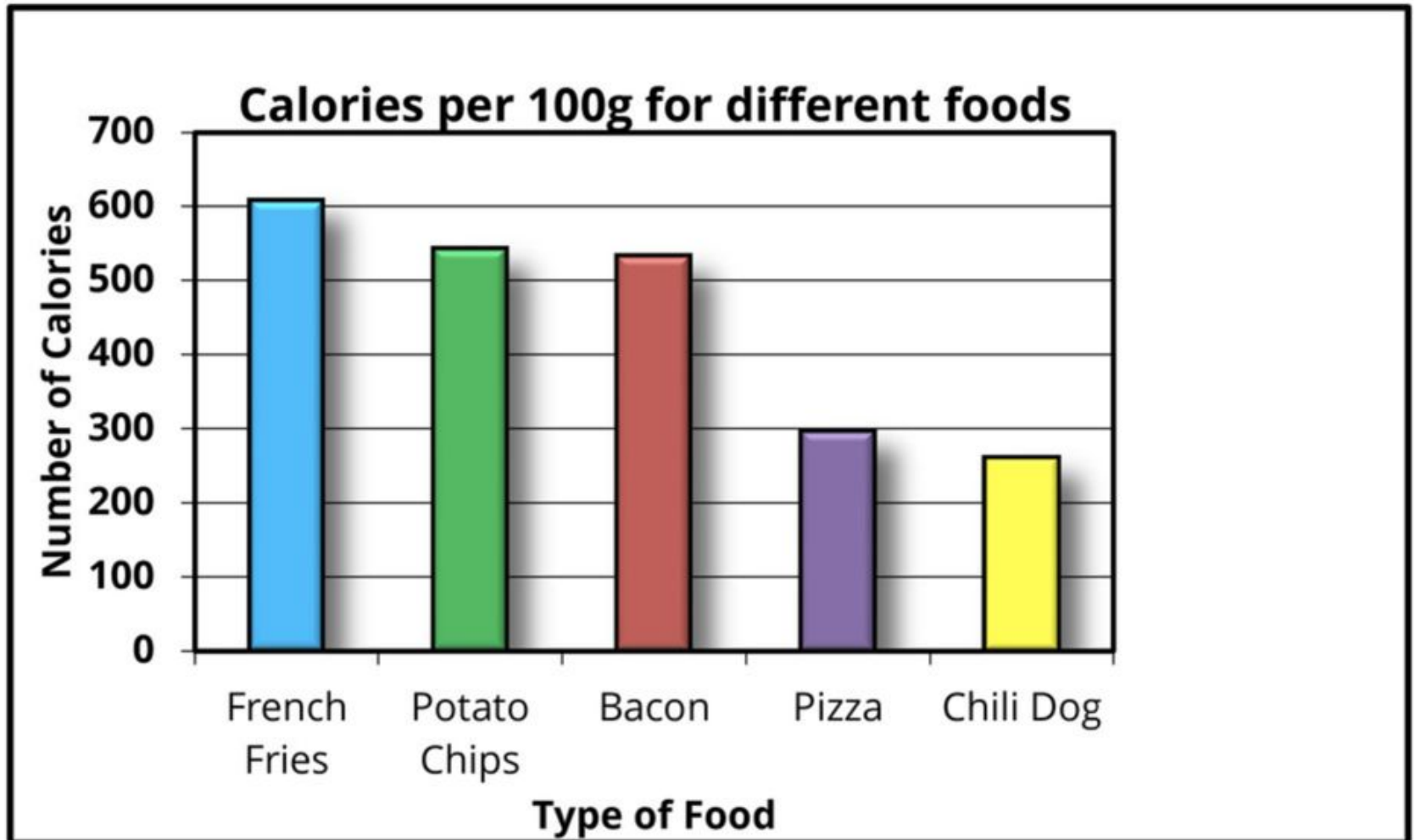
Remove backgrounds



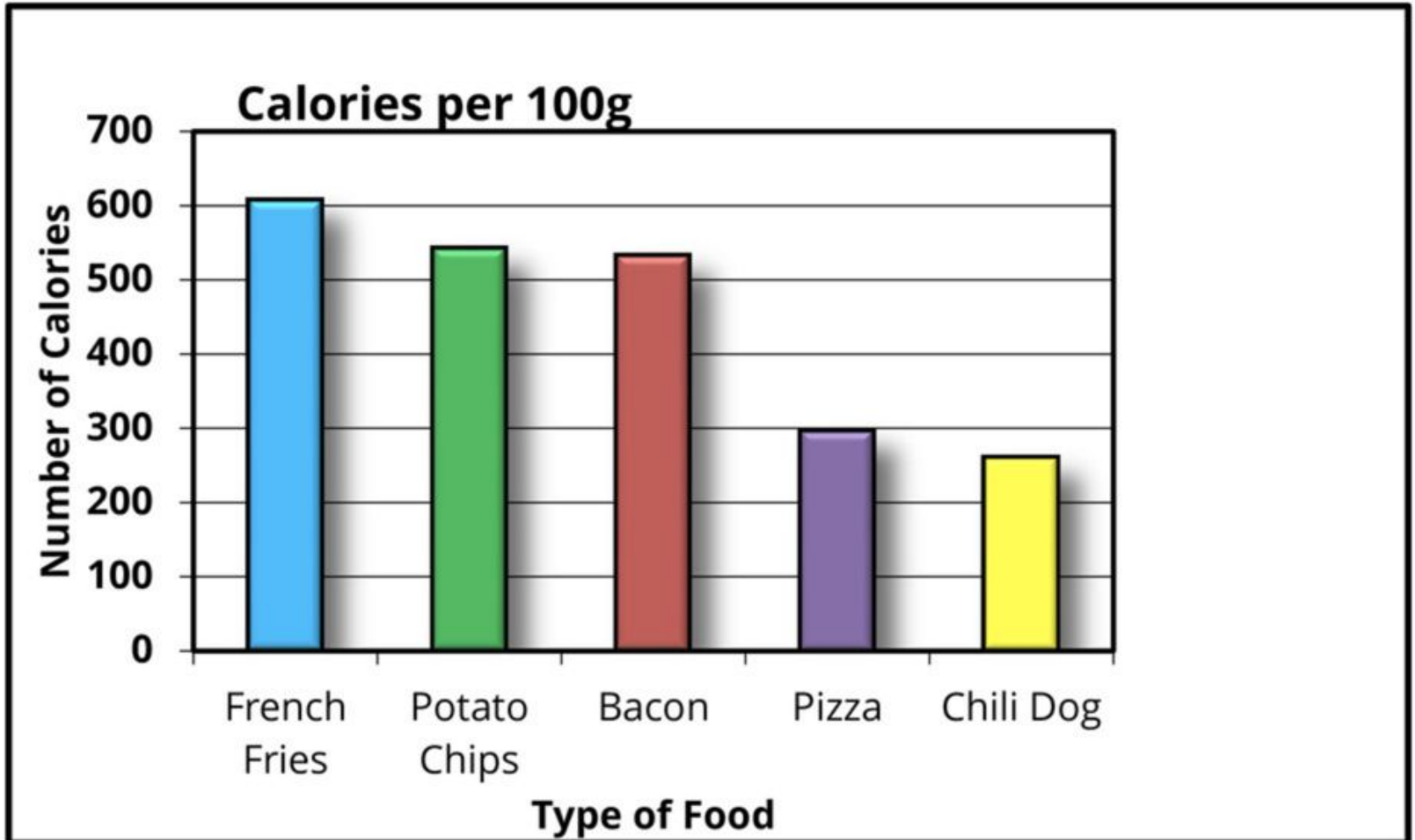
Remove redundant labels



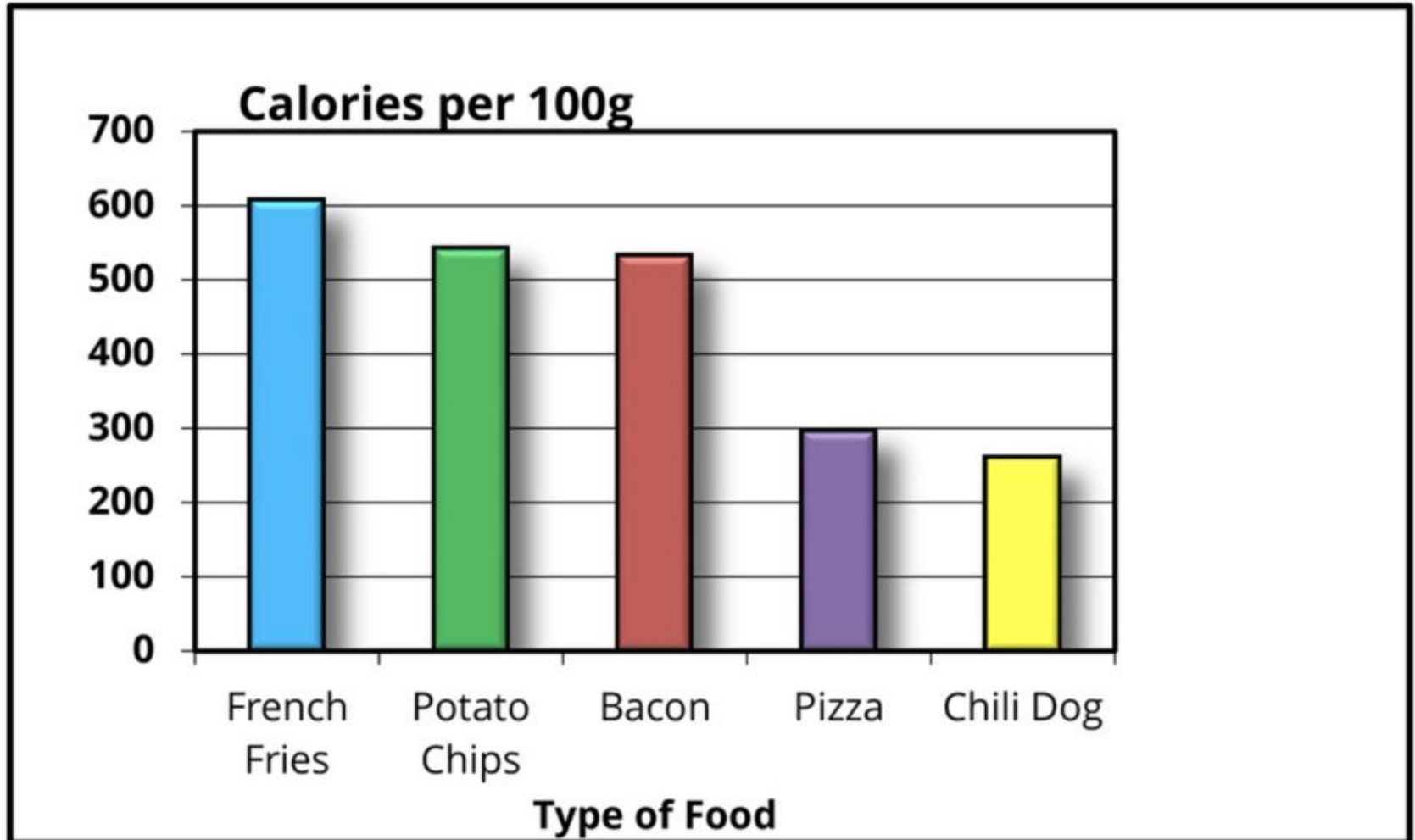
Remove redundant labels



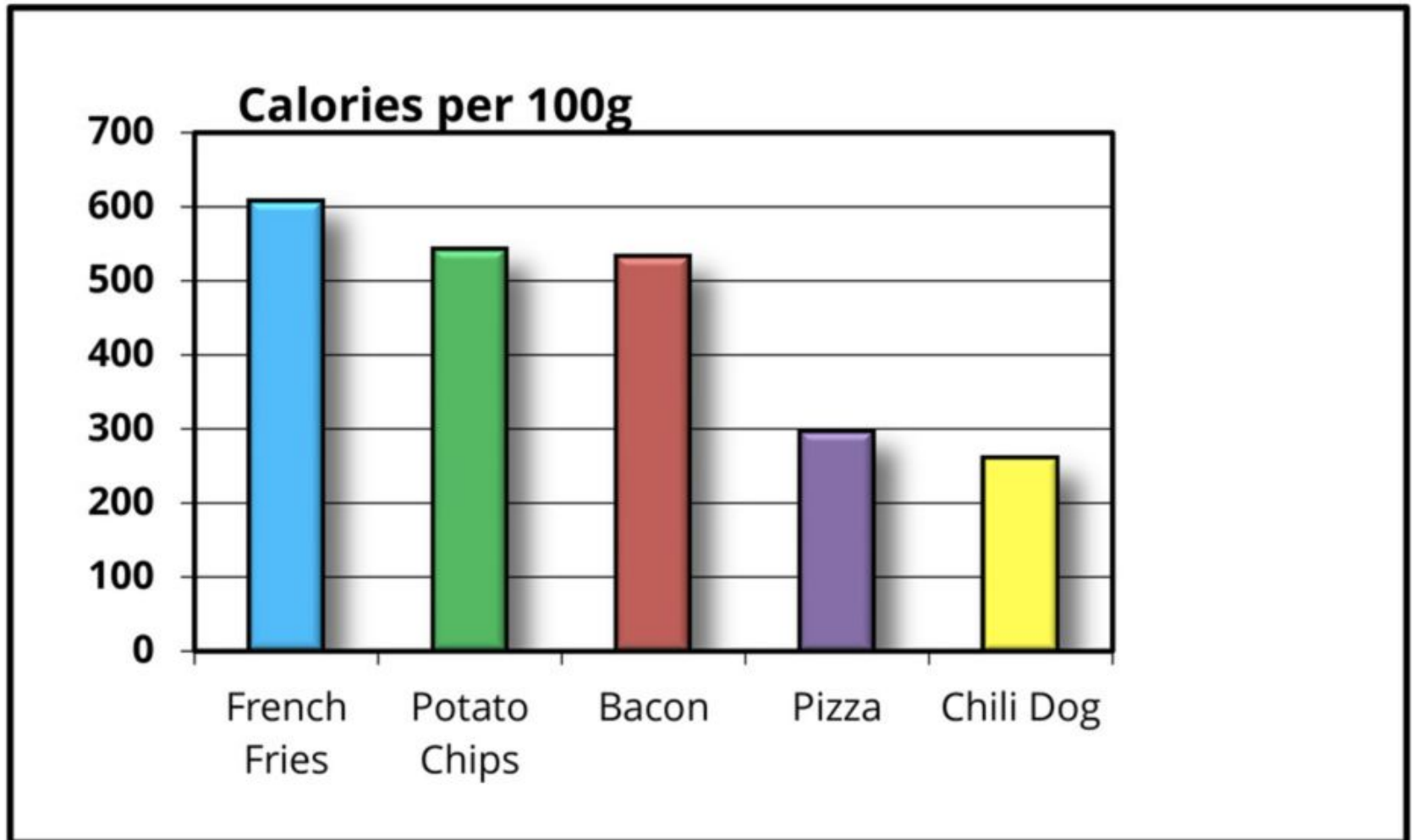
Remove redundant labels



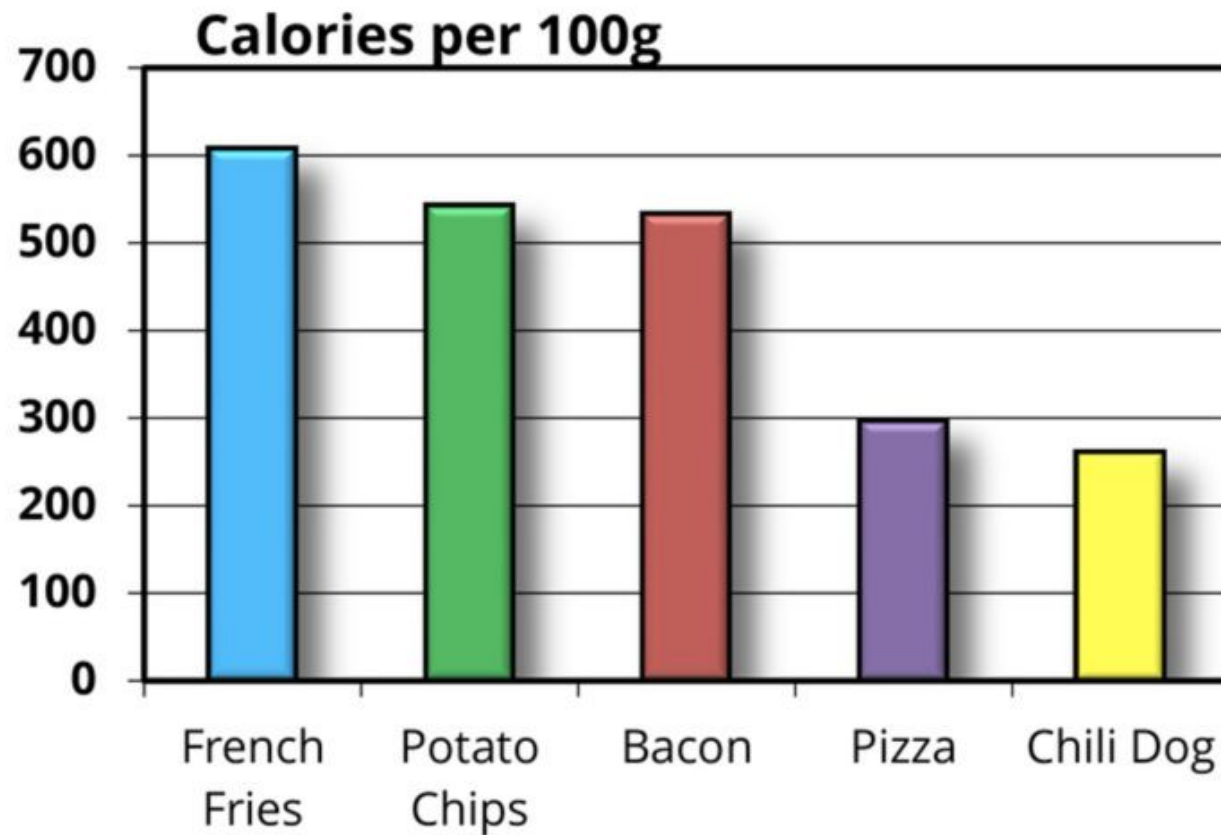
Remove redundant labels



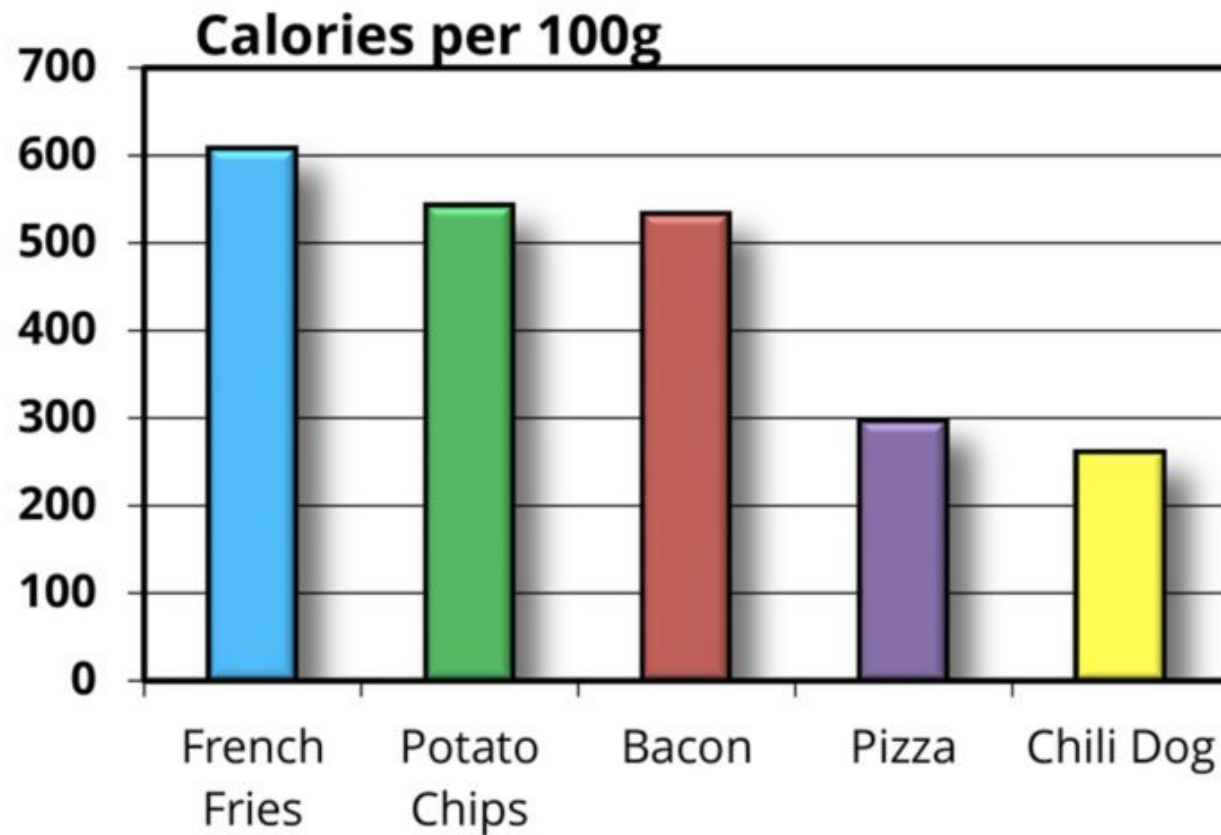
Remove redundant labels



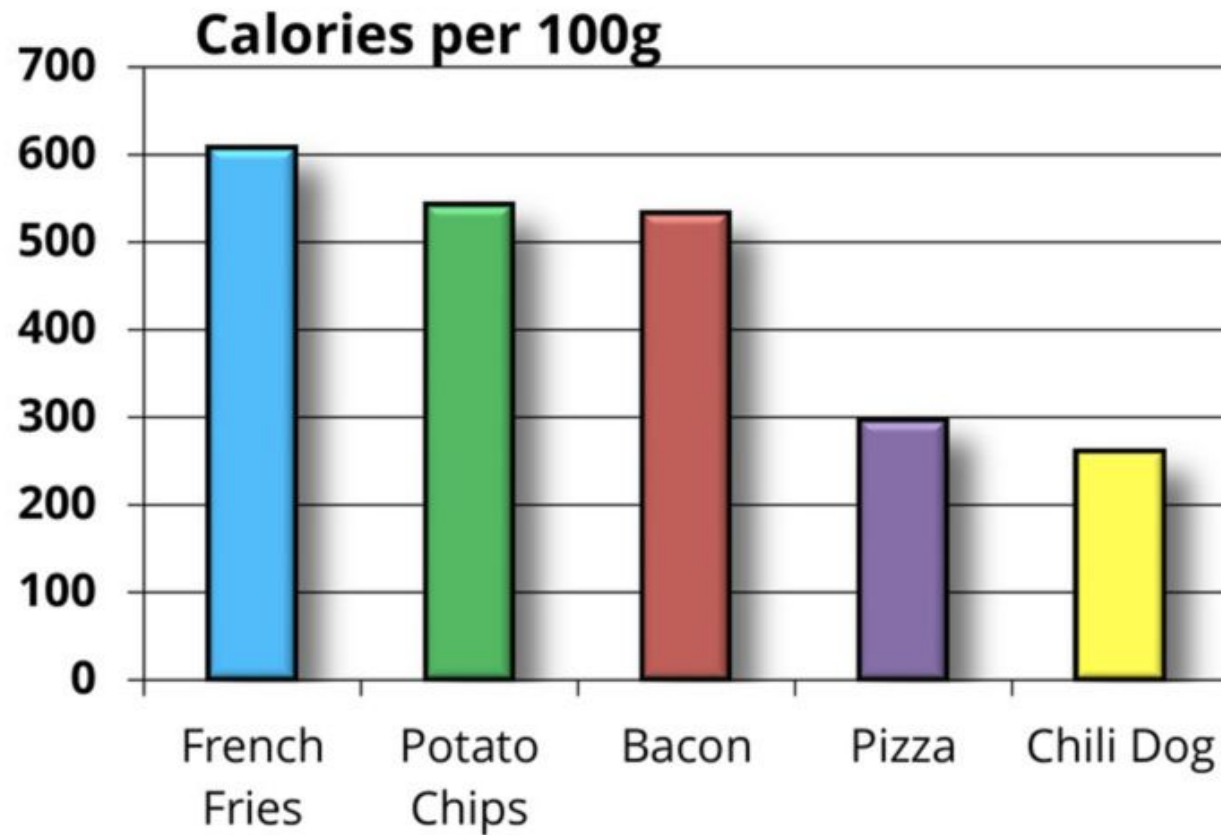
Remove borders



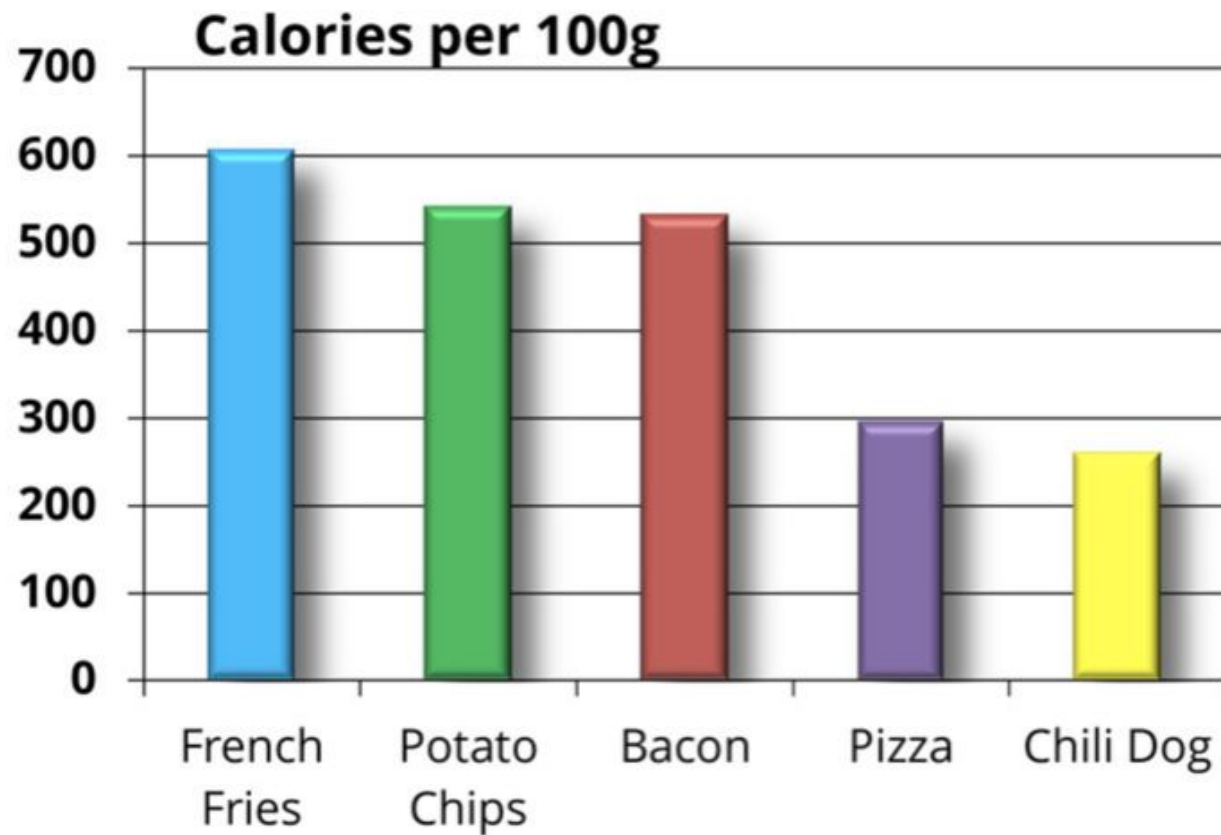
Remove borders



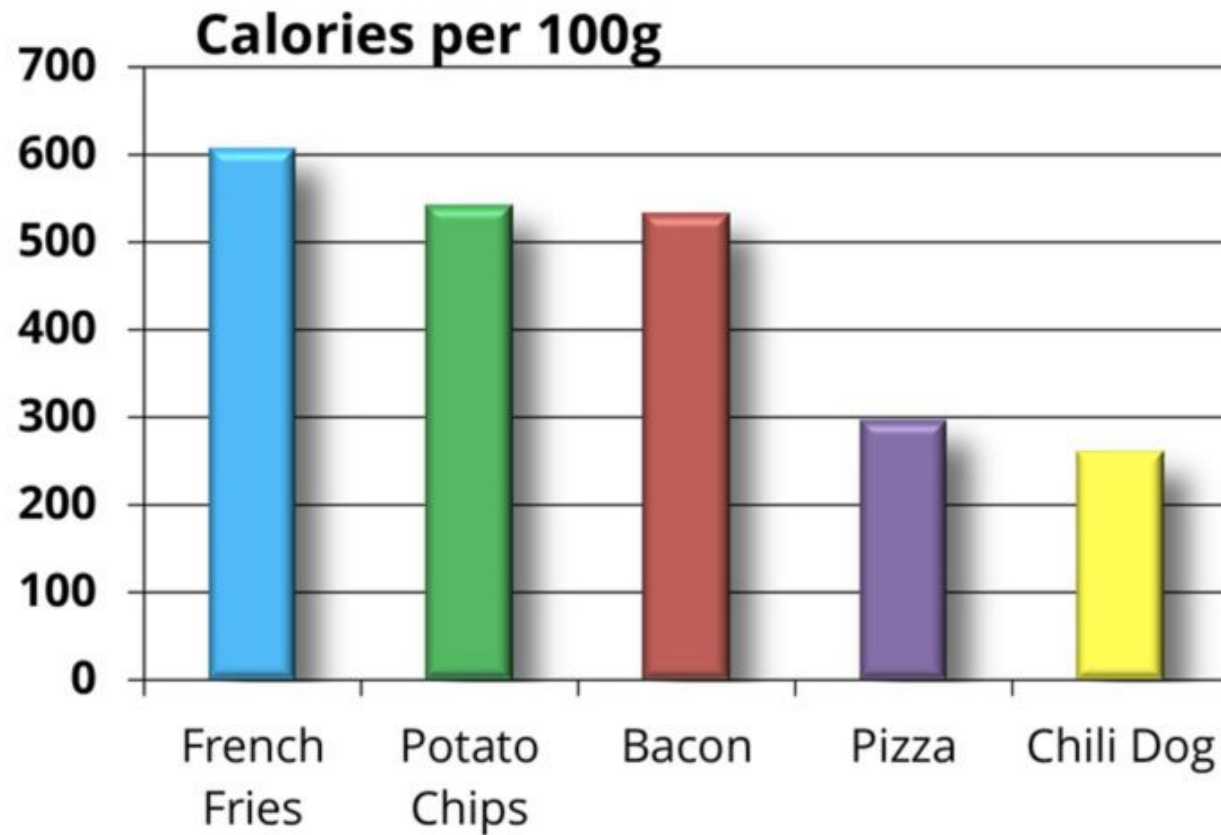
Remove borders



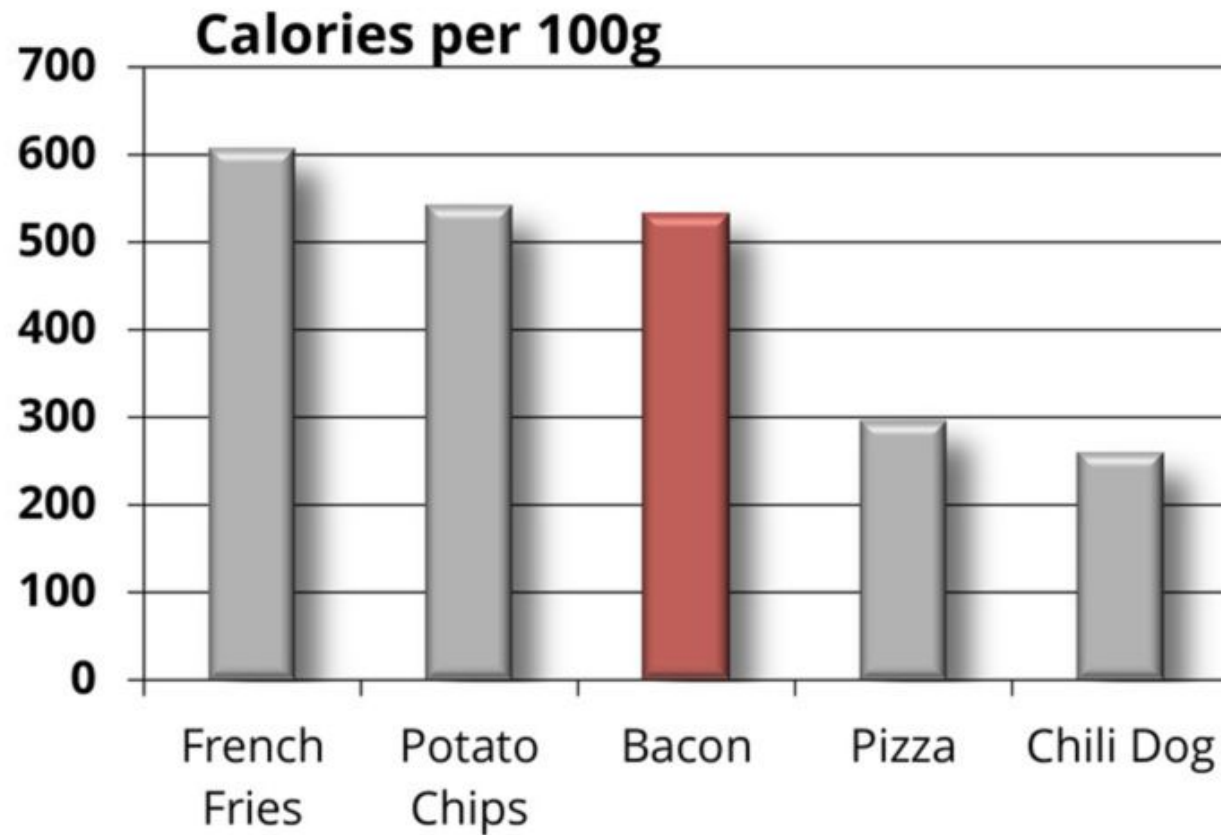
Remove borders



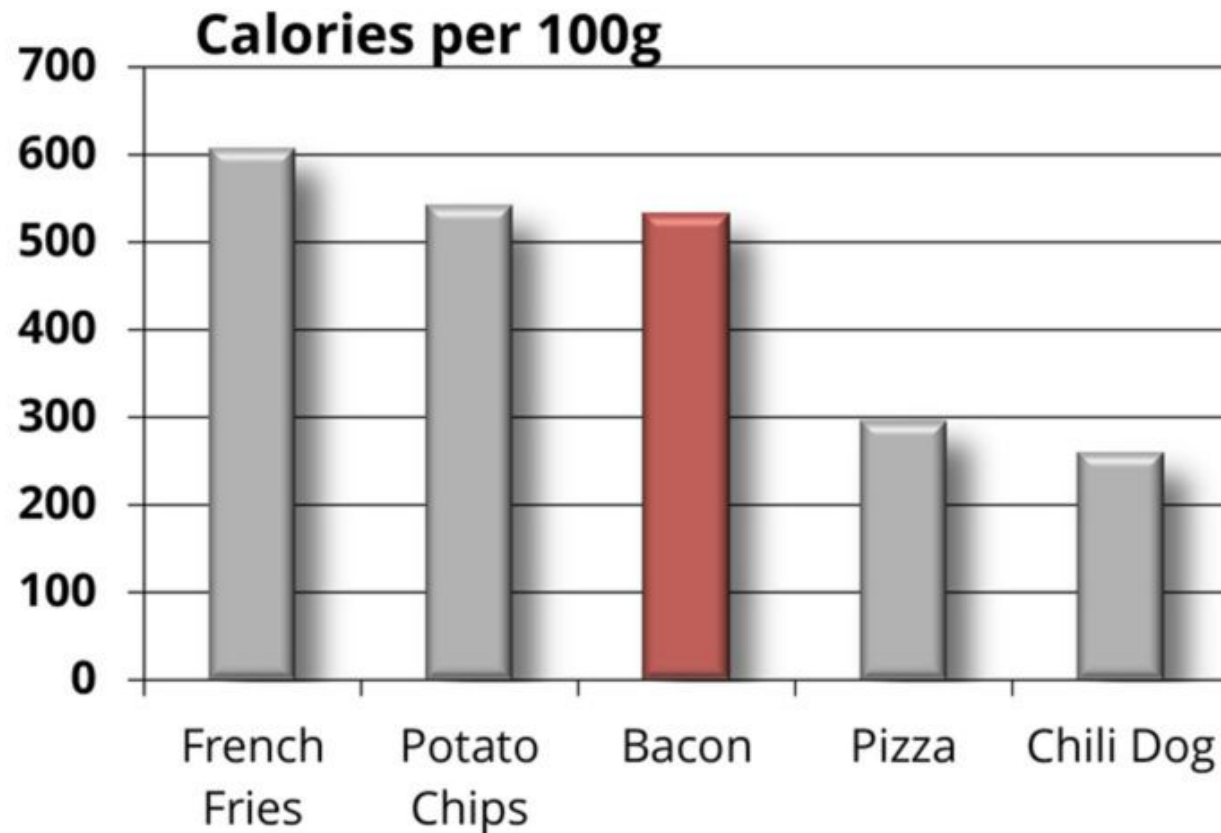
Reduce colors



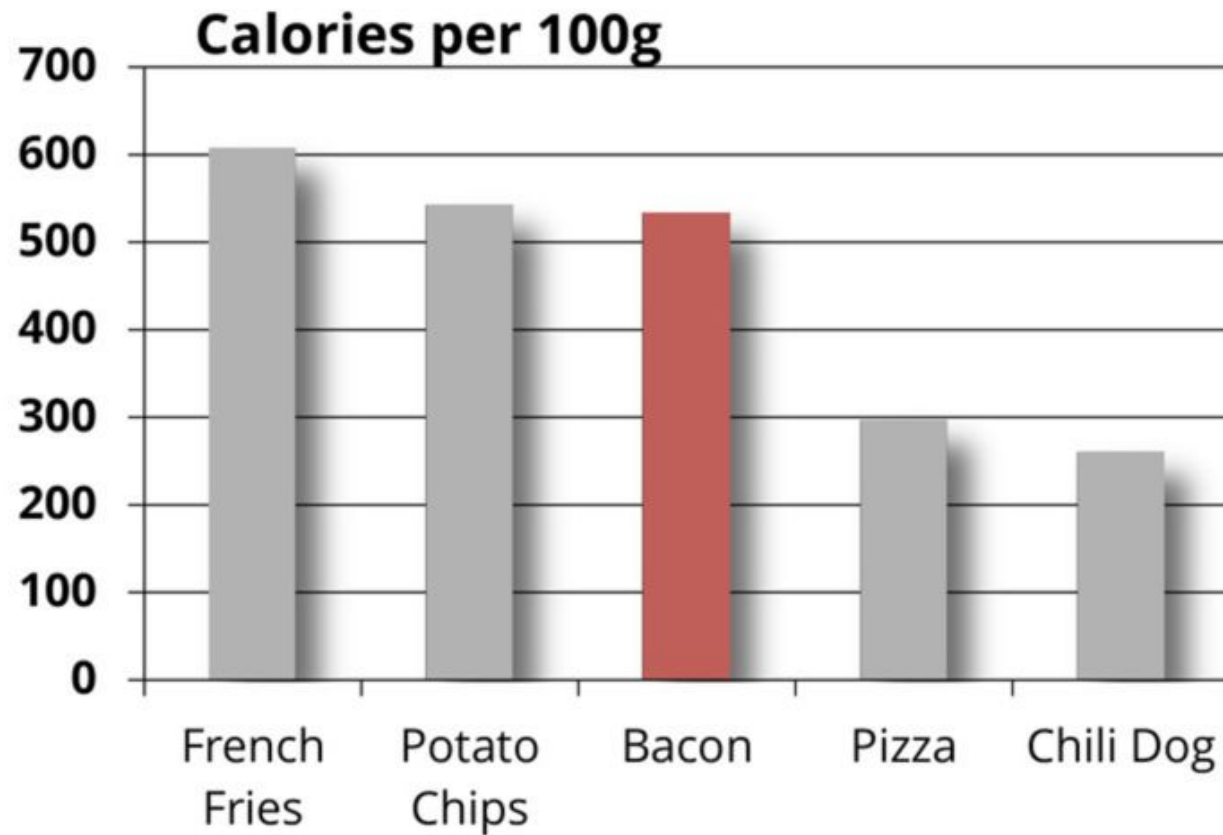
Reduce colors



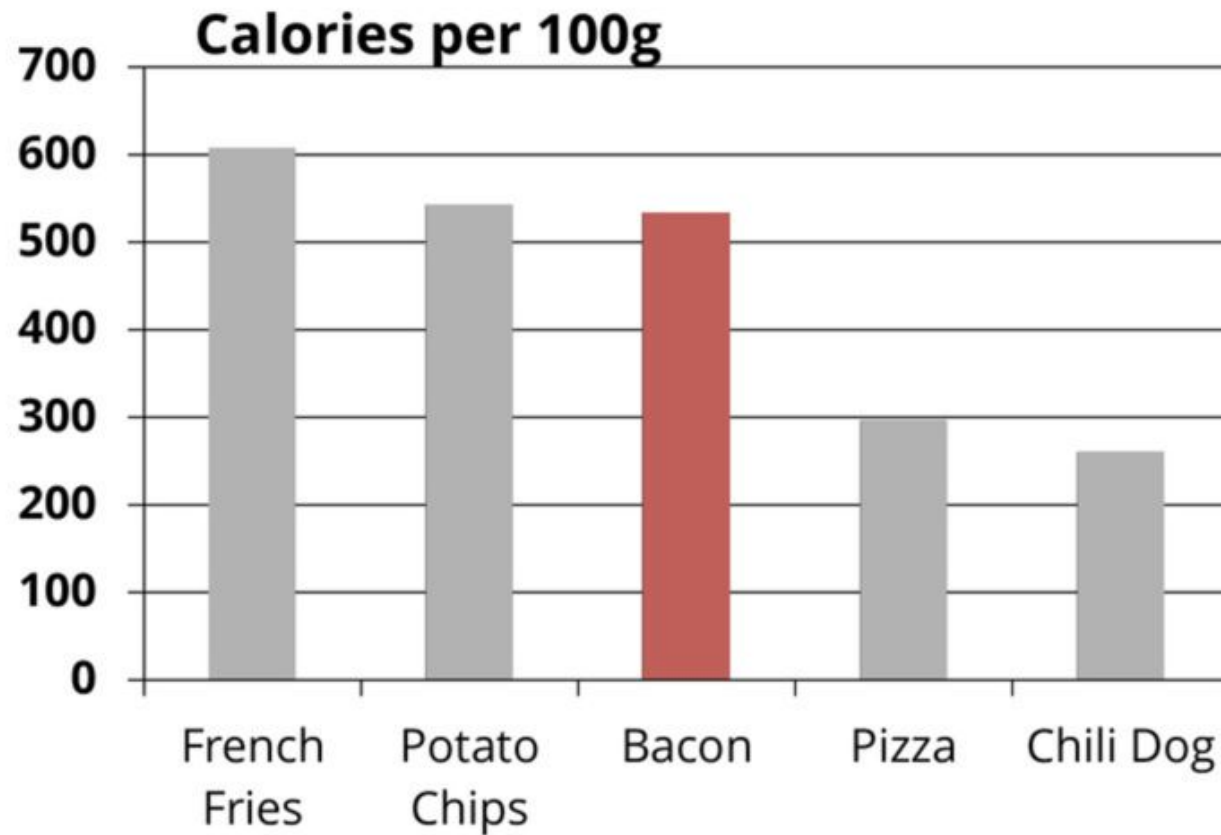
Remove special effects



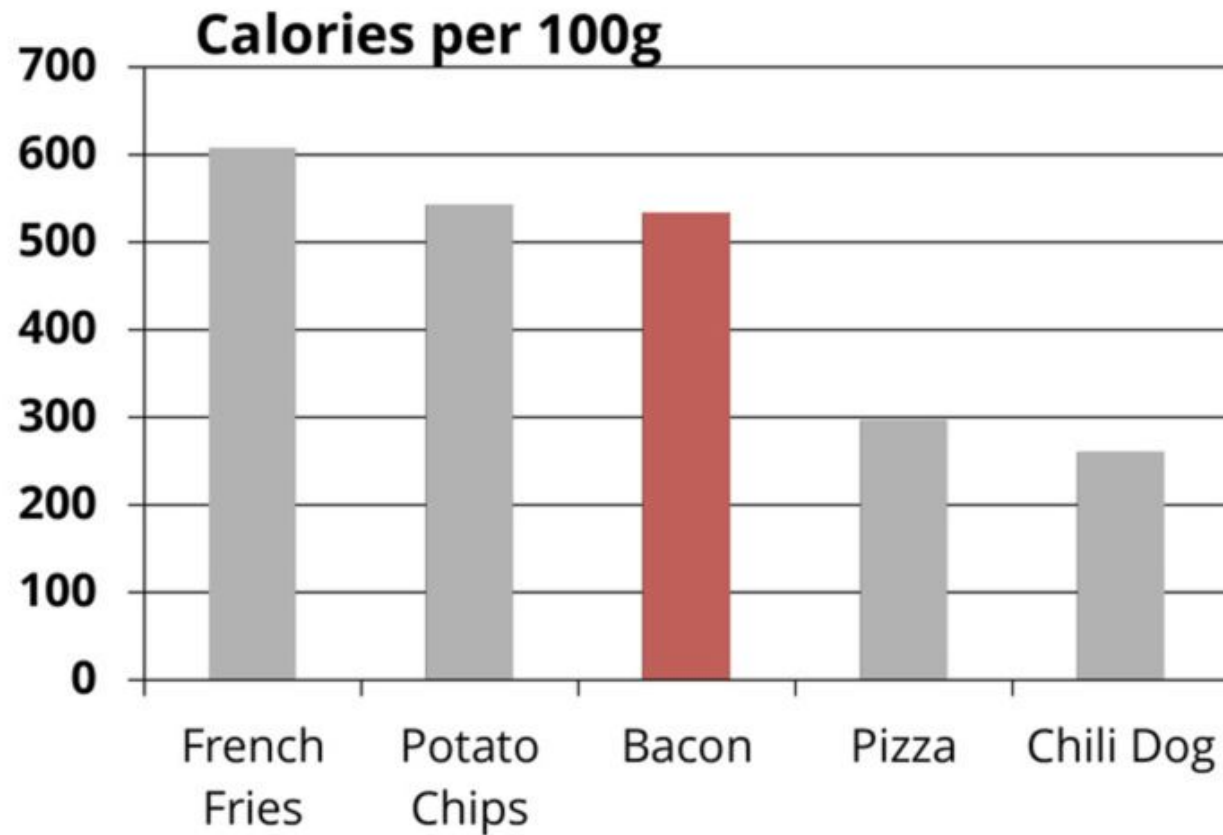
Remove special effects



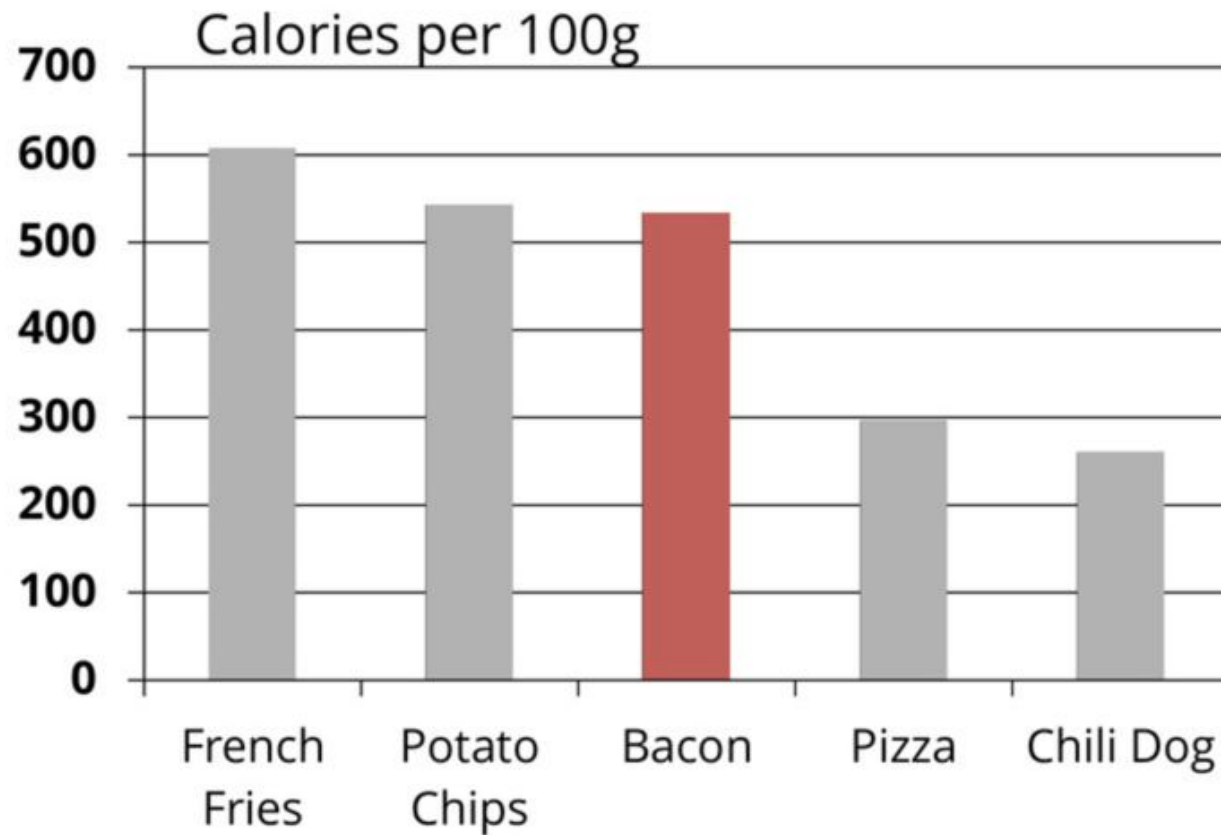
Remove special effects



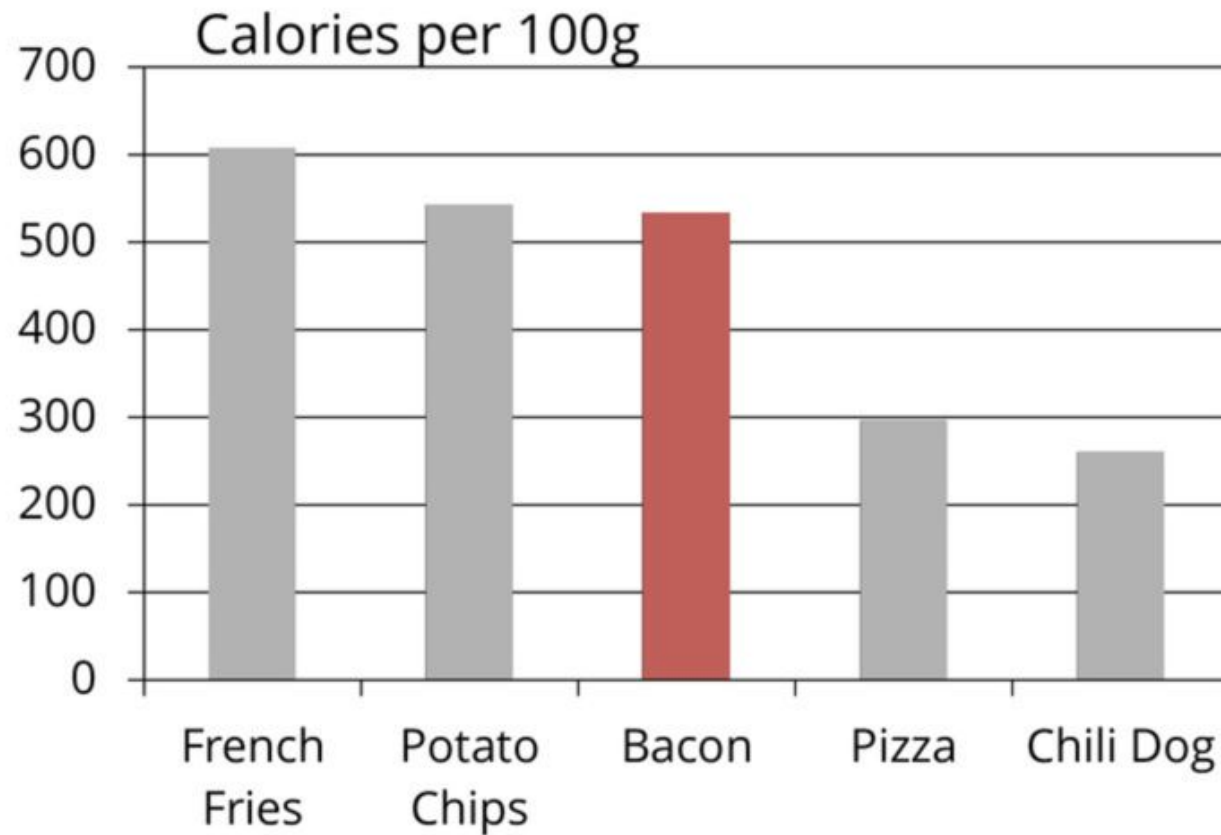
Remove bolding



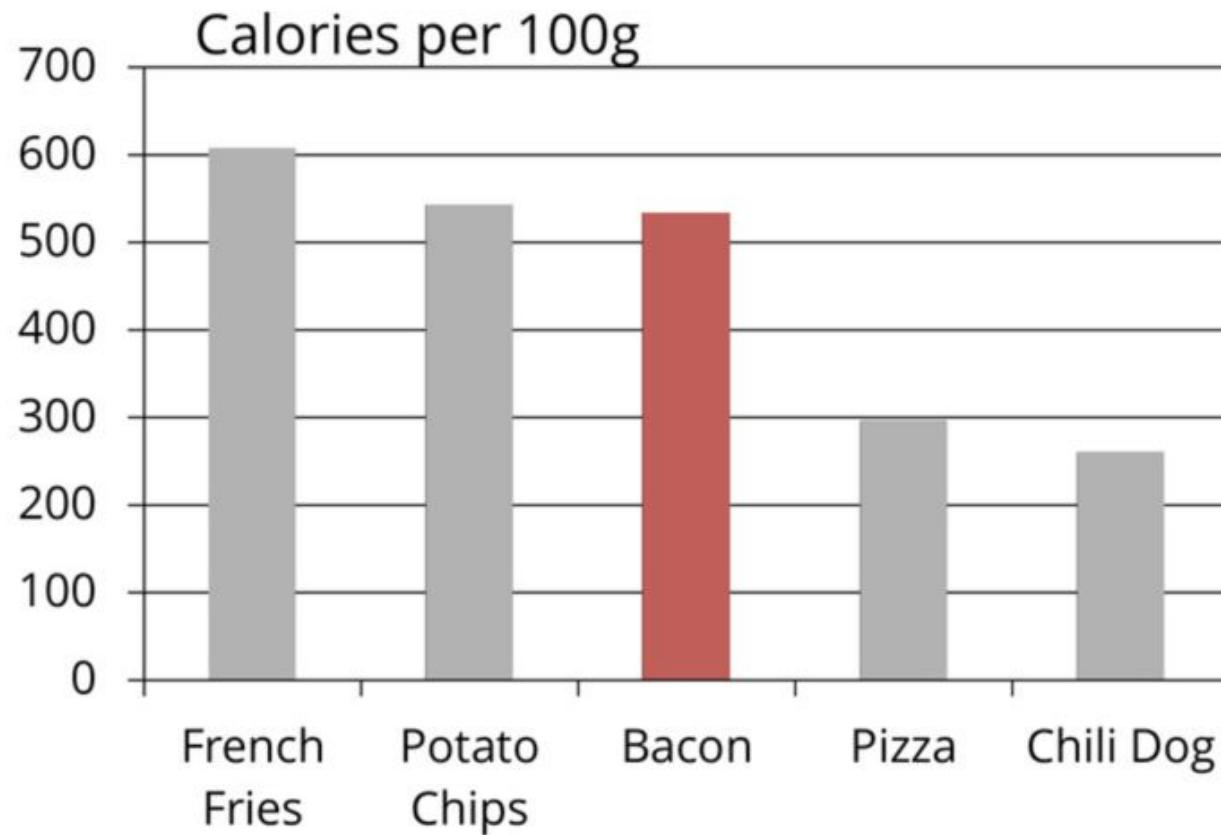
Remove bolding



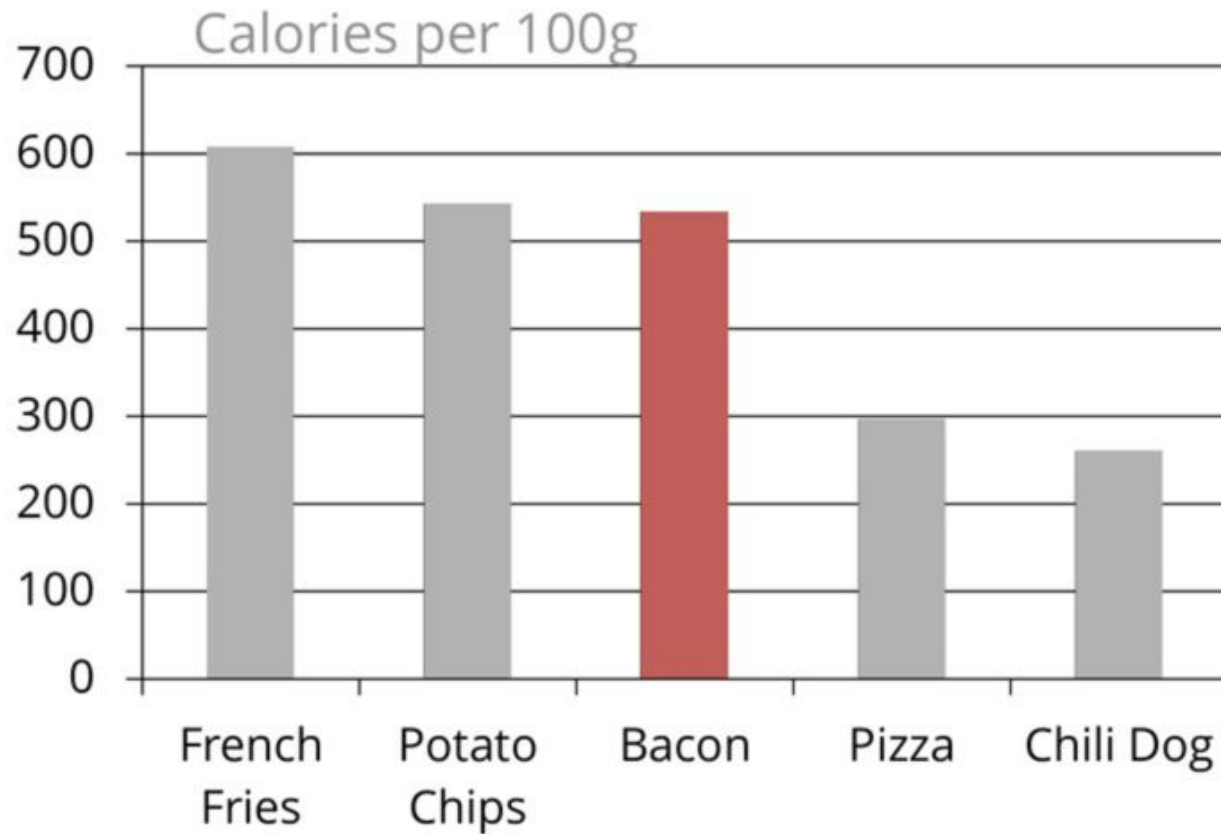
Remove bolding



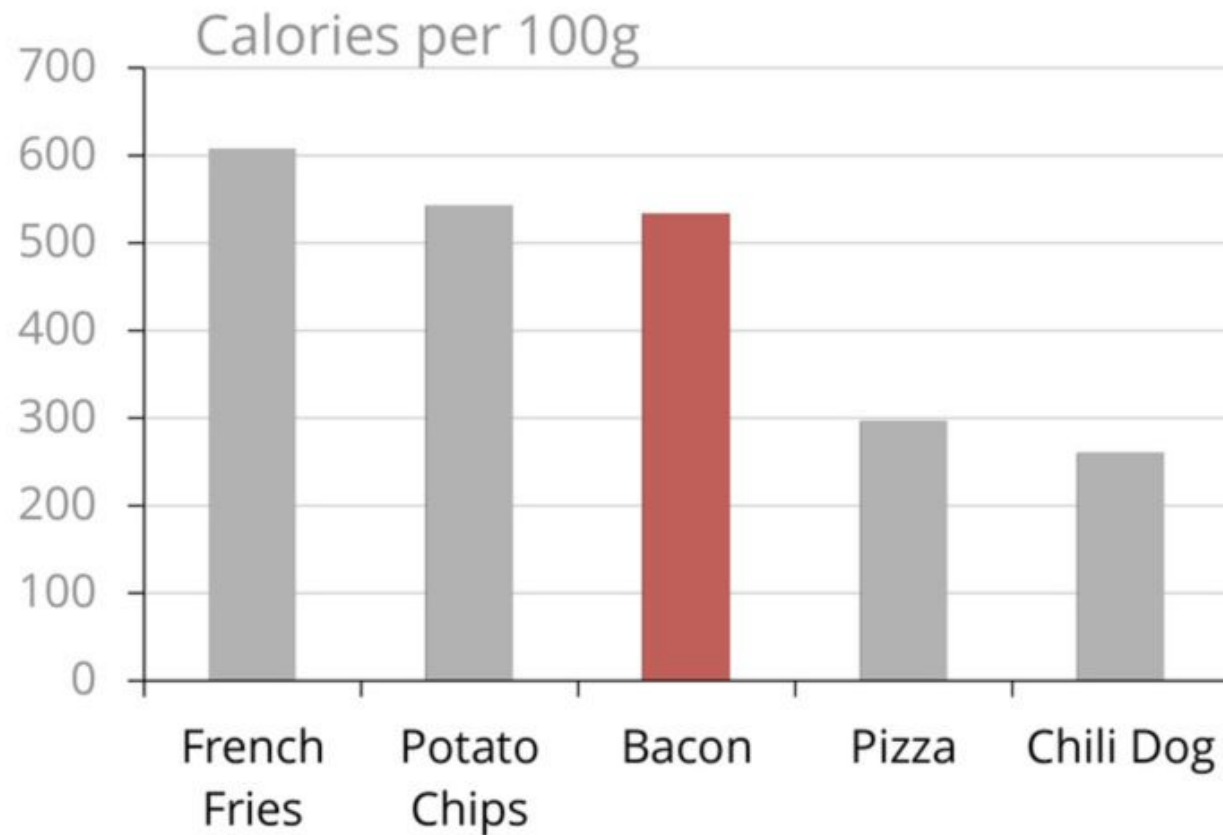
Lighten labels



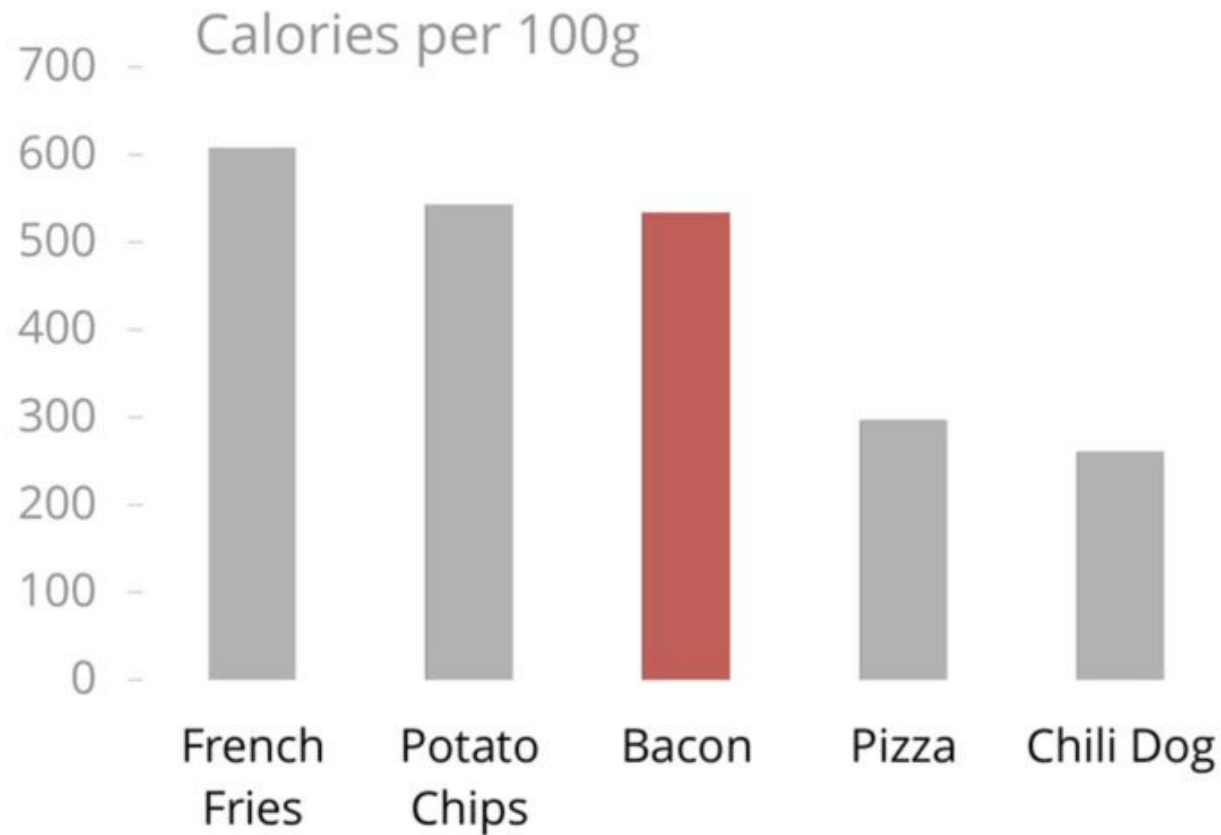
Lighten labels



Lighten lines

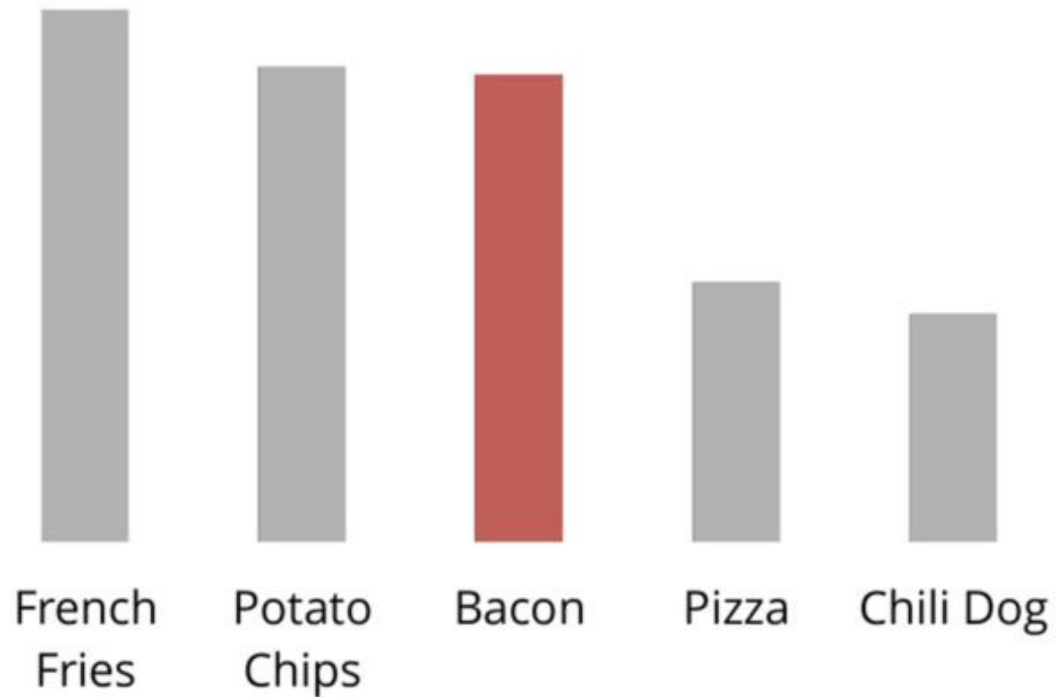


Direct label

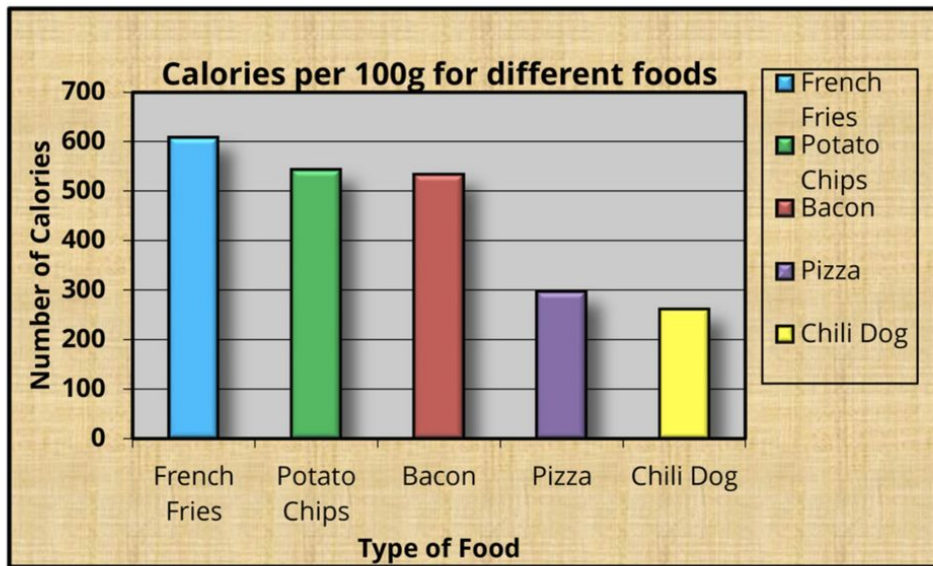


Direct label

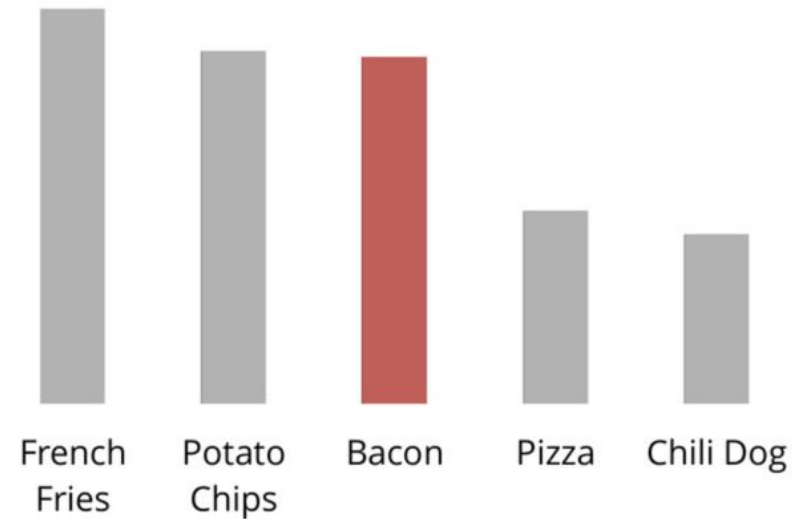
Calories per 100g



Data-ink ratio



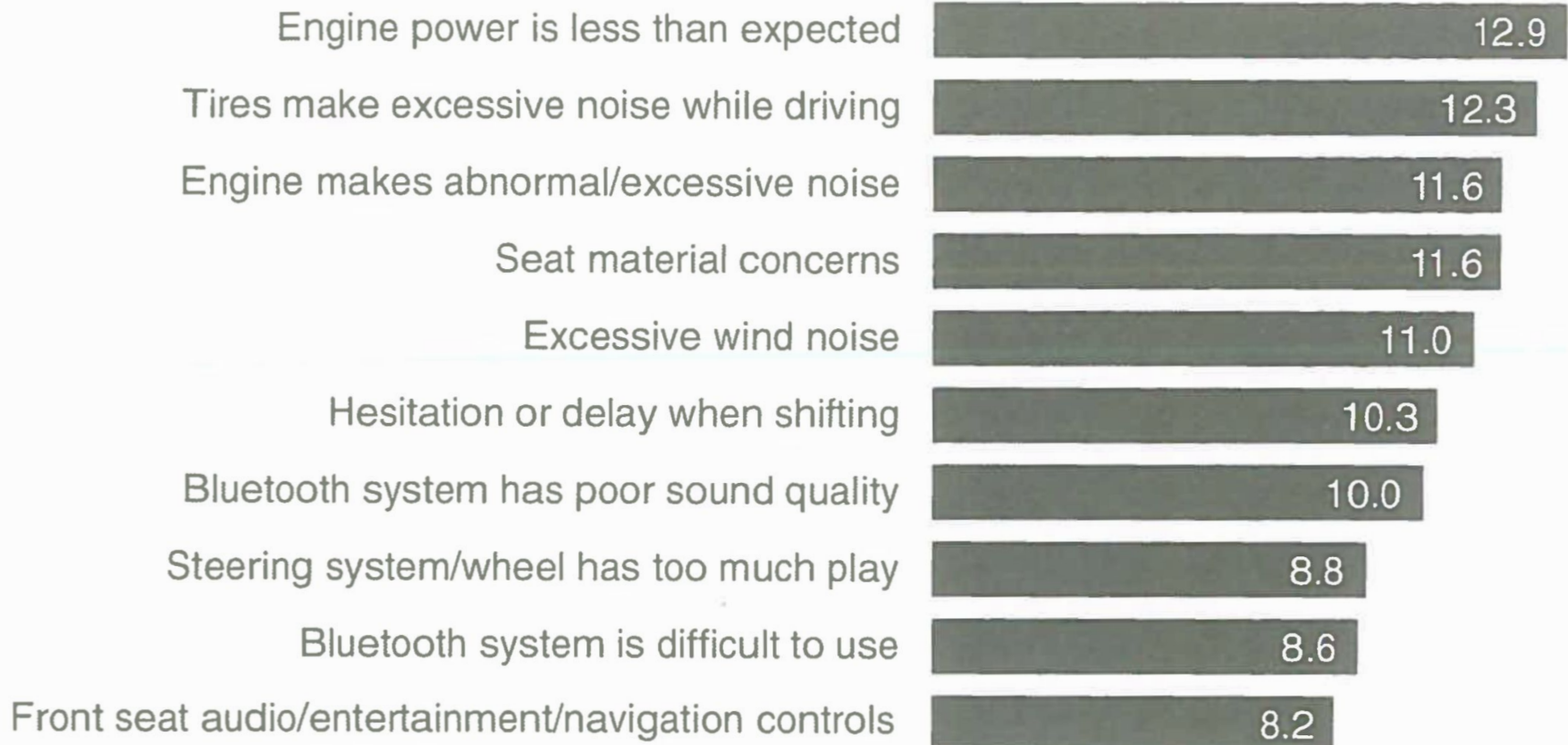
Calories per 100g



Highlight

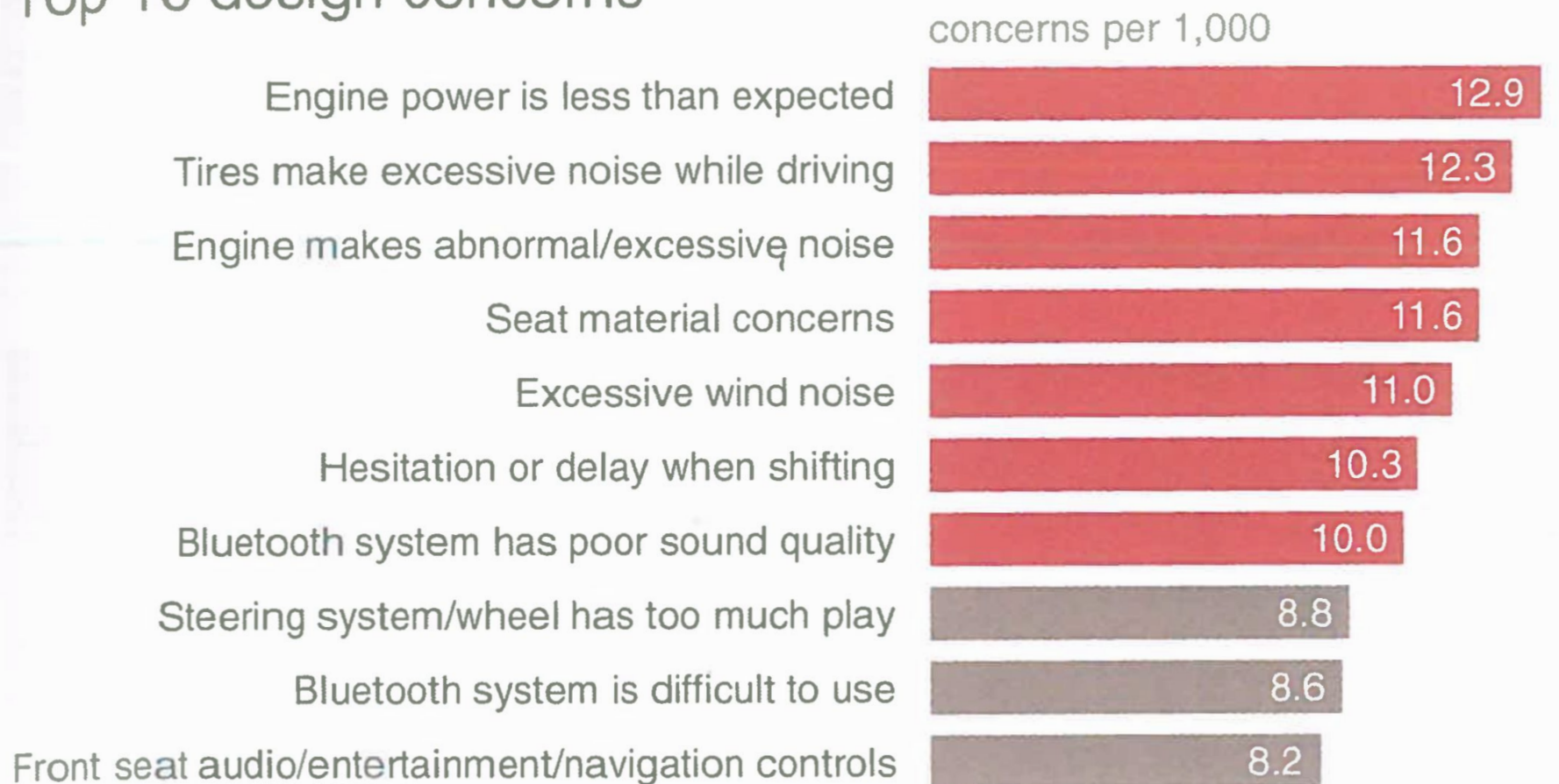
Top 10 design concerns

concerns per 1,000



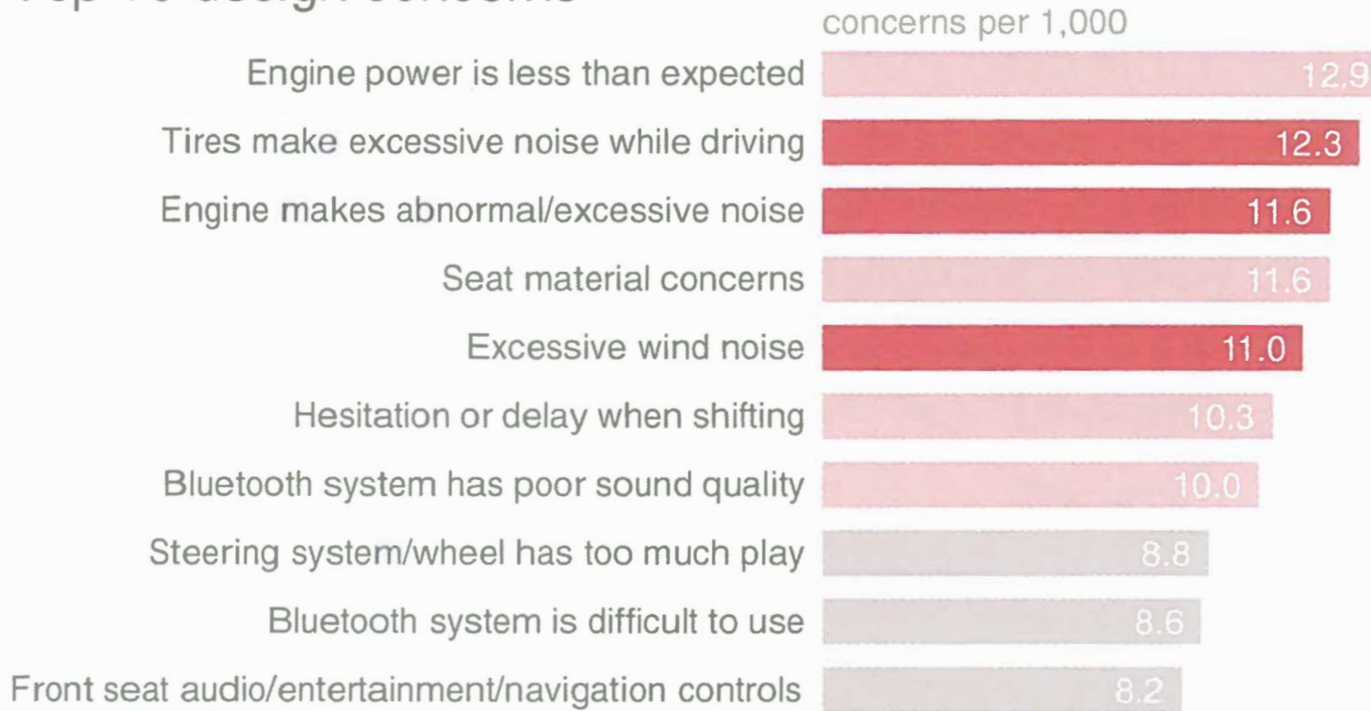
Highlight

Top 10 design concerns



Highlight

Top 10 design concerns



Comments indicate that **noisy tire issues** are most apparent **in the rain**.

Complaints about **engine noise** commonly cited **after the car had not been driven for a while**.

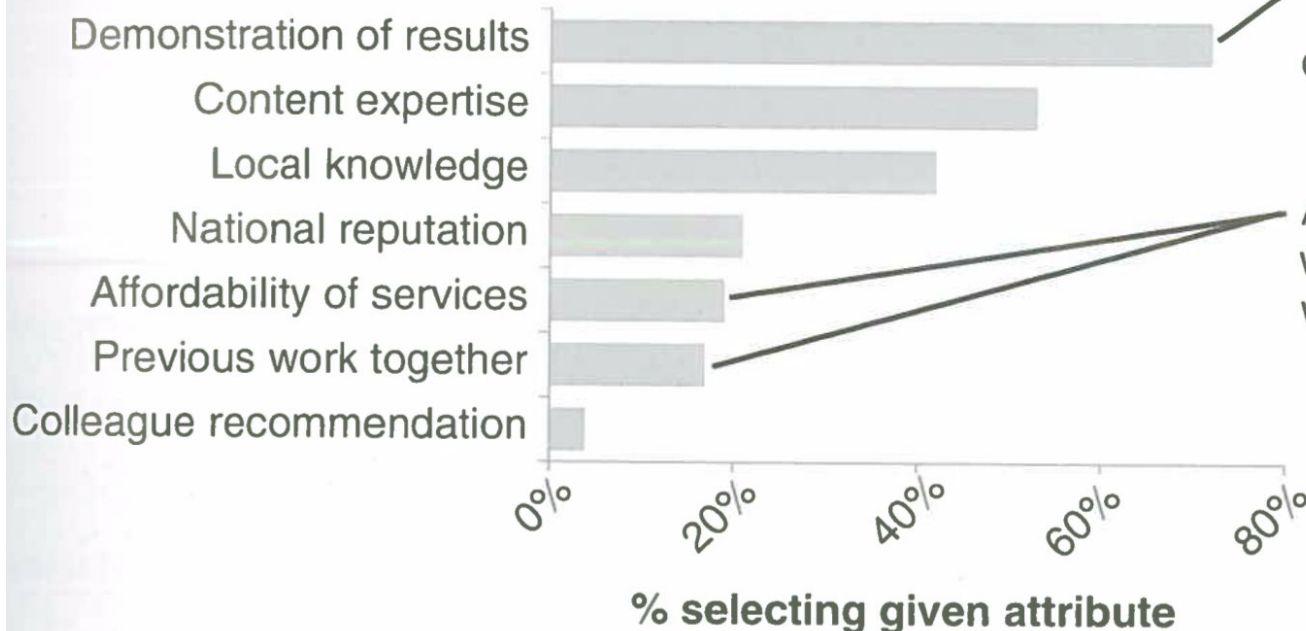
Excessive **wind noise** is noted primarily in **freeway driving at high speeds**.

FIGURE 4.9 Create a visual hierarchy of information

Layout

Demonstrating effectiveness is most important consideration when selecting a provider

In general, what attributes are the most important to you in selecting a service provider?
(Choose up to 3)



Survey shows that demonstration of results is the single most important dimension when choosing a service provider.

Affordability and experience working together previously, which were hypothesized to be very important in the decision making process, were both cited less frequently as important attributes.

Data source: xyz; includes N number of survey respondents. Note that respondents were able to choose up to 3 options.

Layout

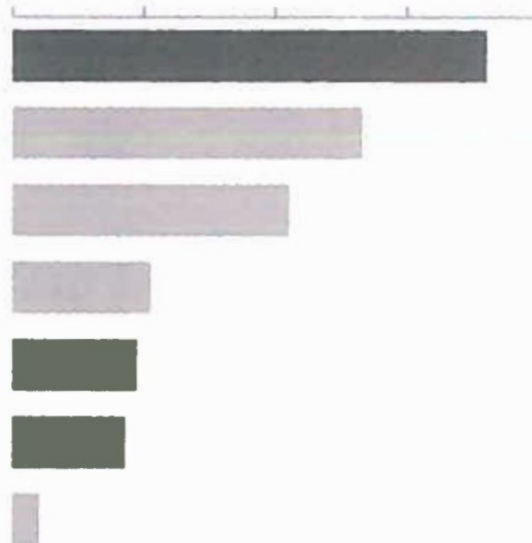
Demonstrating effectiveness is most important consideration when selecting a provider

In general, **what attributes are the most important** to you in selecting a service provider?

(Choose up to 3)

% selecting given attribute
0% 20% 40% 60% 80%

Demonstration of results
Content expertise
Local knowledge
National reputation
Affordability of services
Previous work together
Colleague recommendation



Survey shows that **demonstration of results** is the single most important dimension when choosing a service provider.

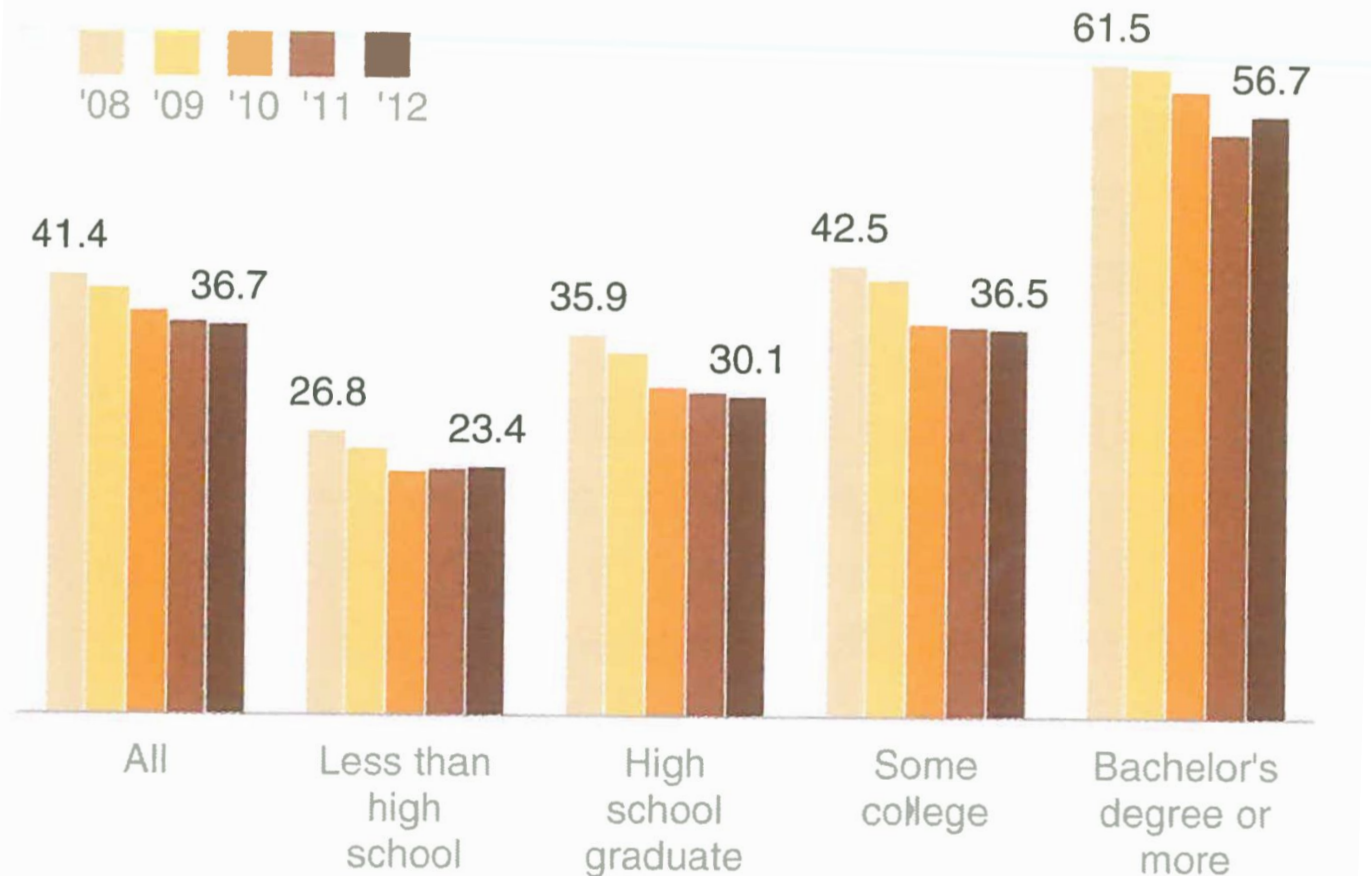
Affordability and **experience working together previously**, which were hypothesized to be very important in the decision making process, were both cited less frequently as important attributes.

Data source: xyz; includes N number of survey respondents.
Note that respondents were able to choose up to 3 options.

Message

New Marriage Rate by Education

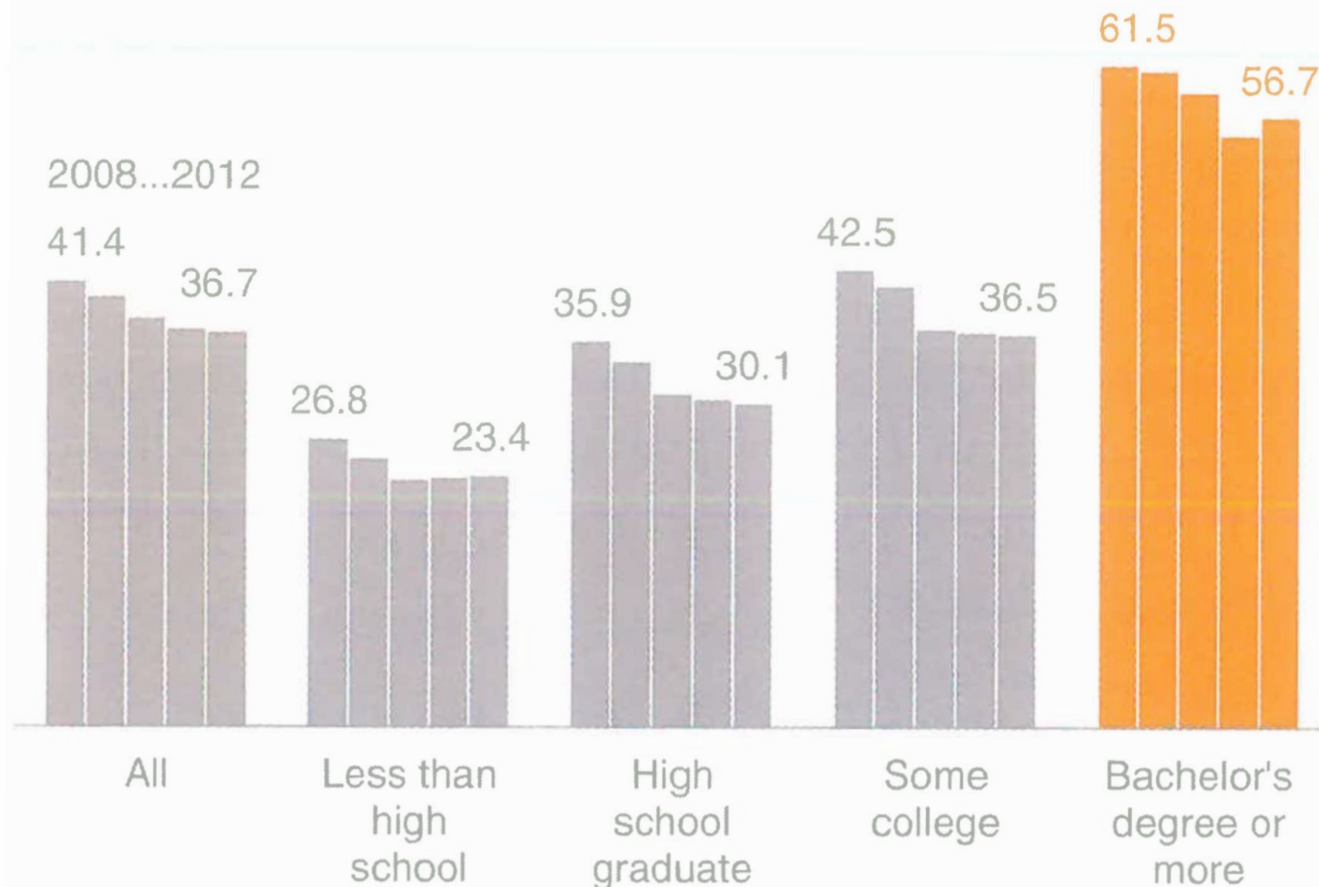
Number of newly married adults per 1,000 marriage eligible adults



Message

New Marriage Rate by Education

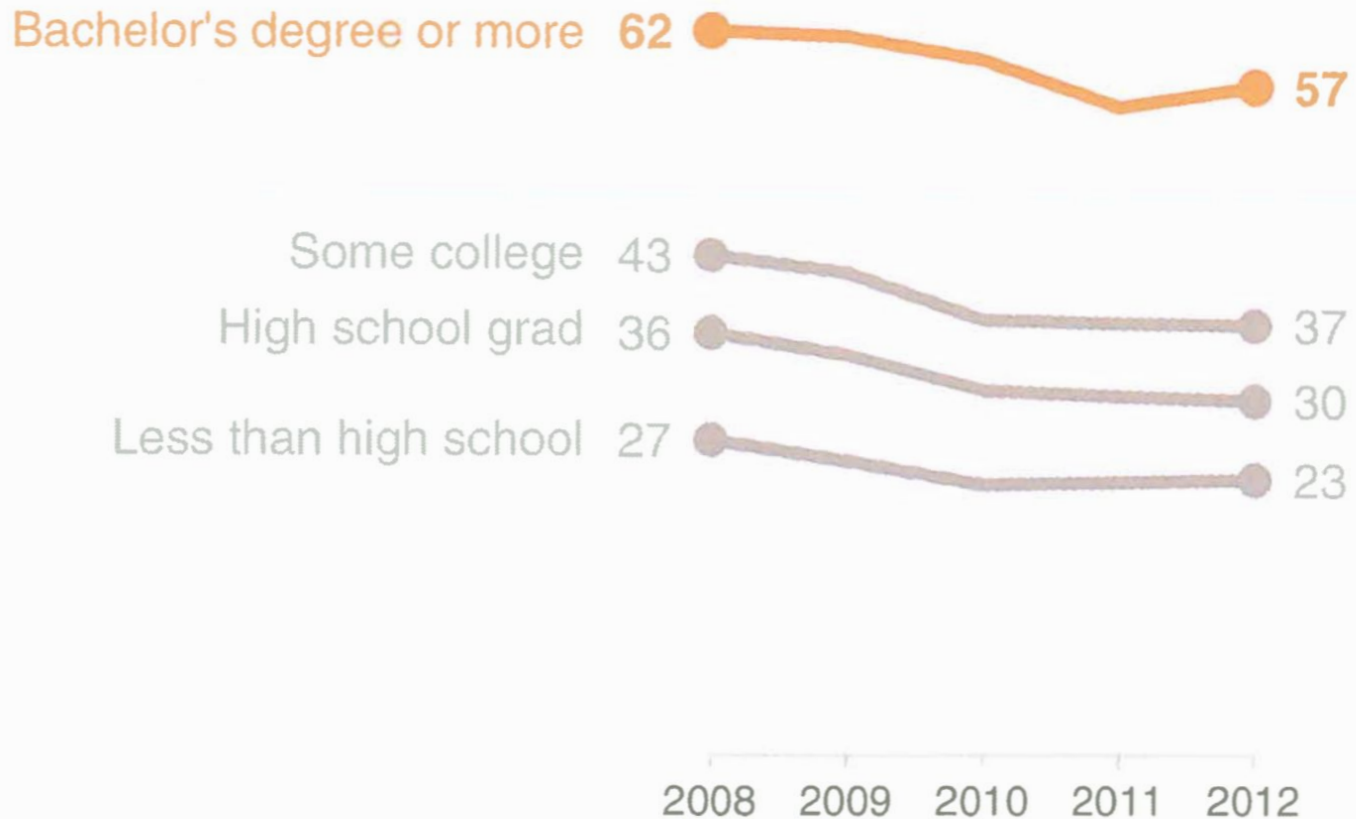
Number of newly married adults per 1,000 marriage eligible adults



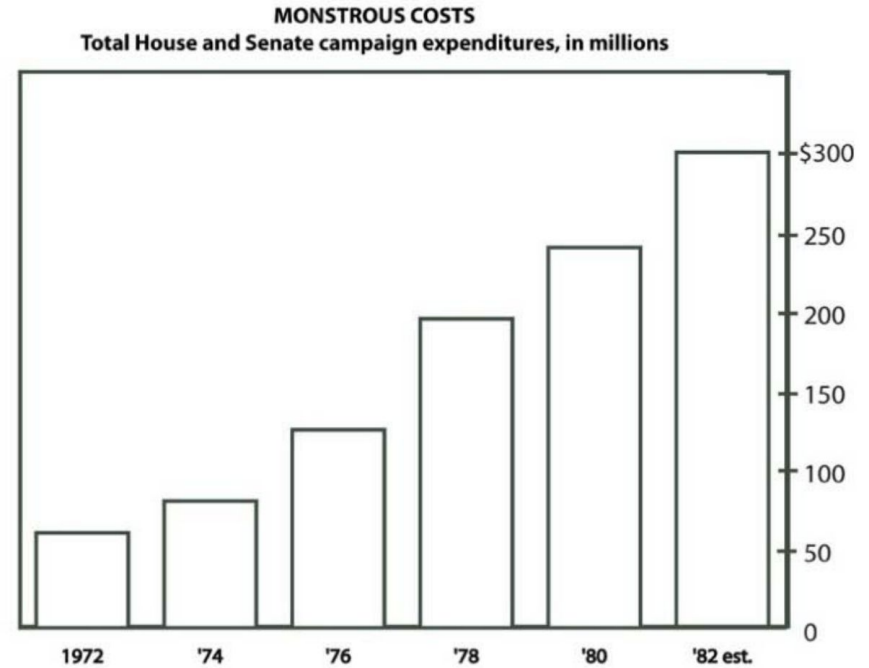
Message

New marriage rate by education

Number of newly married adults per 1,000 marriage eligible adults

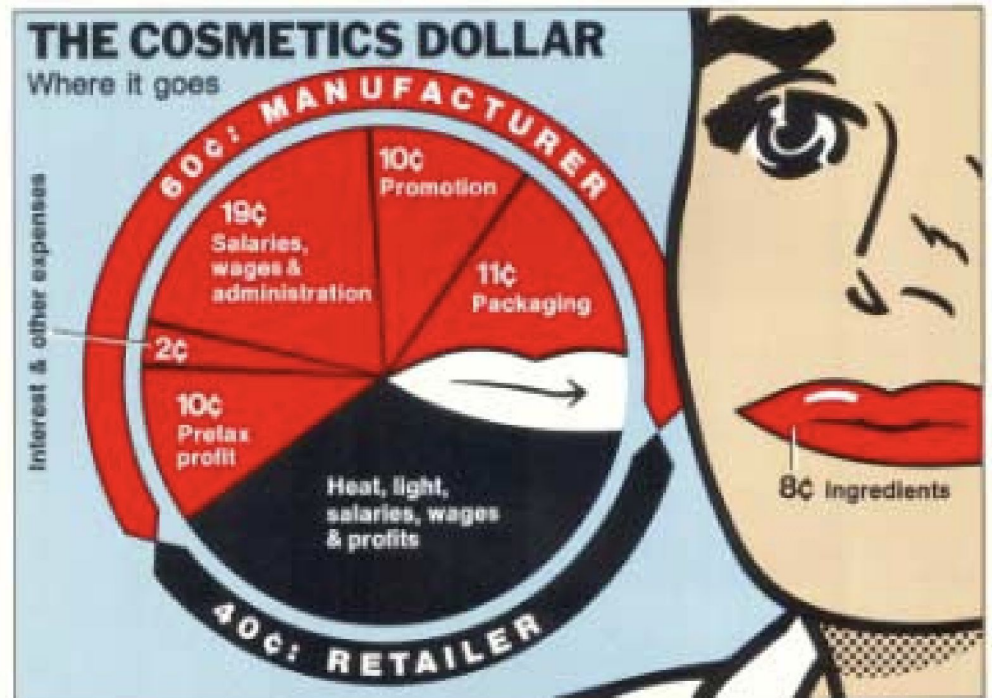
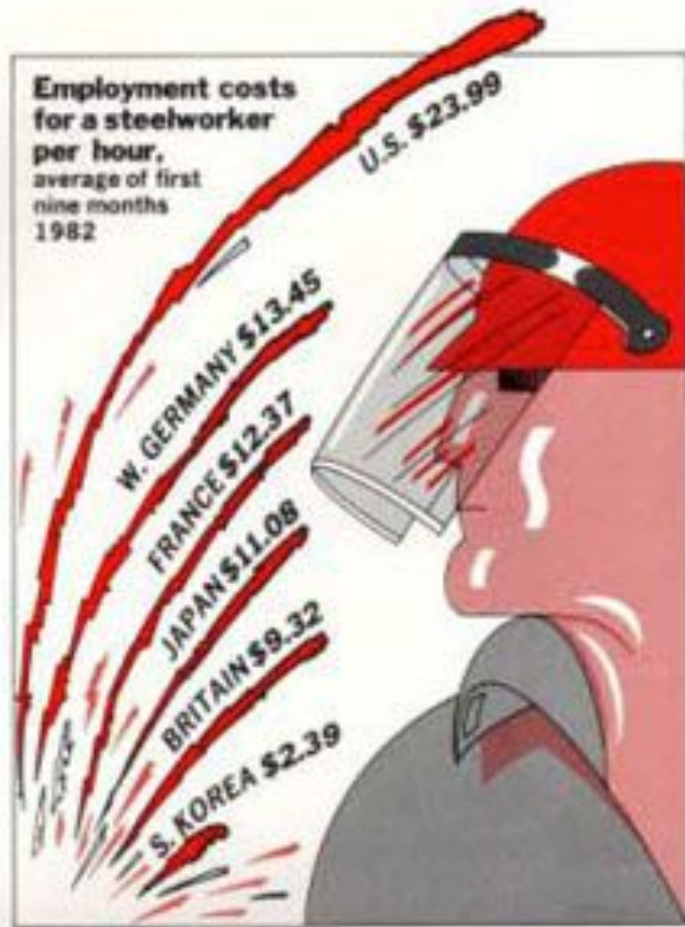


Embellishment



Understanding of embellished charts not worse, but recall after some weeks, much higher.

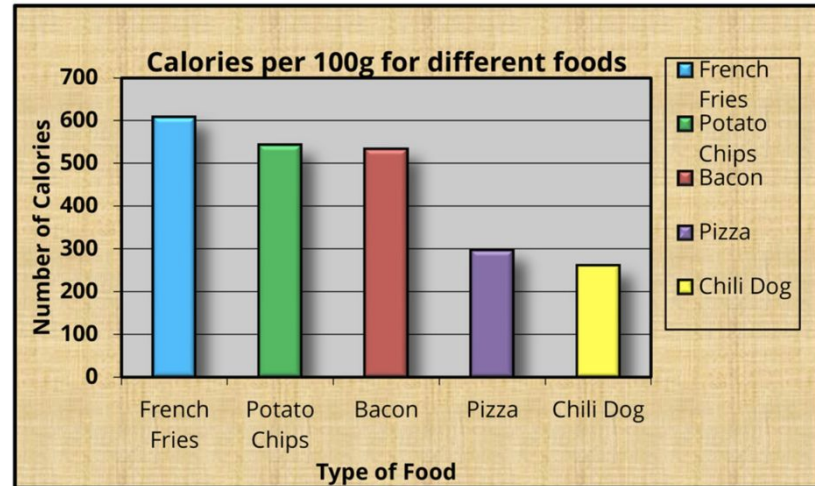
Embellishment: Metaphors



Embellishment



≠



Metaphor

Distractors



What you show



What I think some people see



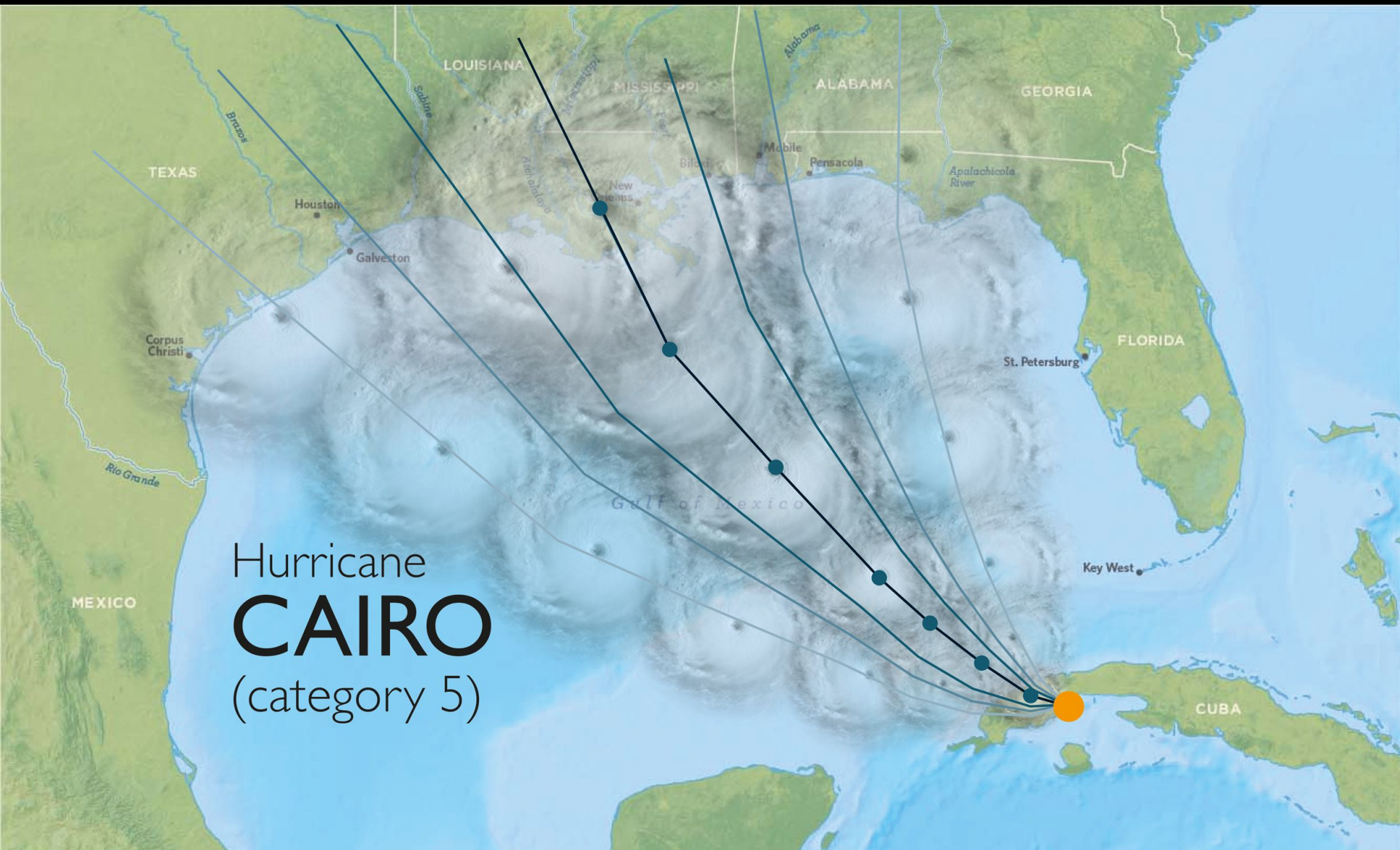
What the cone is based on



What non-scientists are not aware of (cone is just 66% probability)

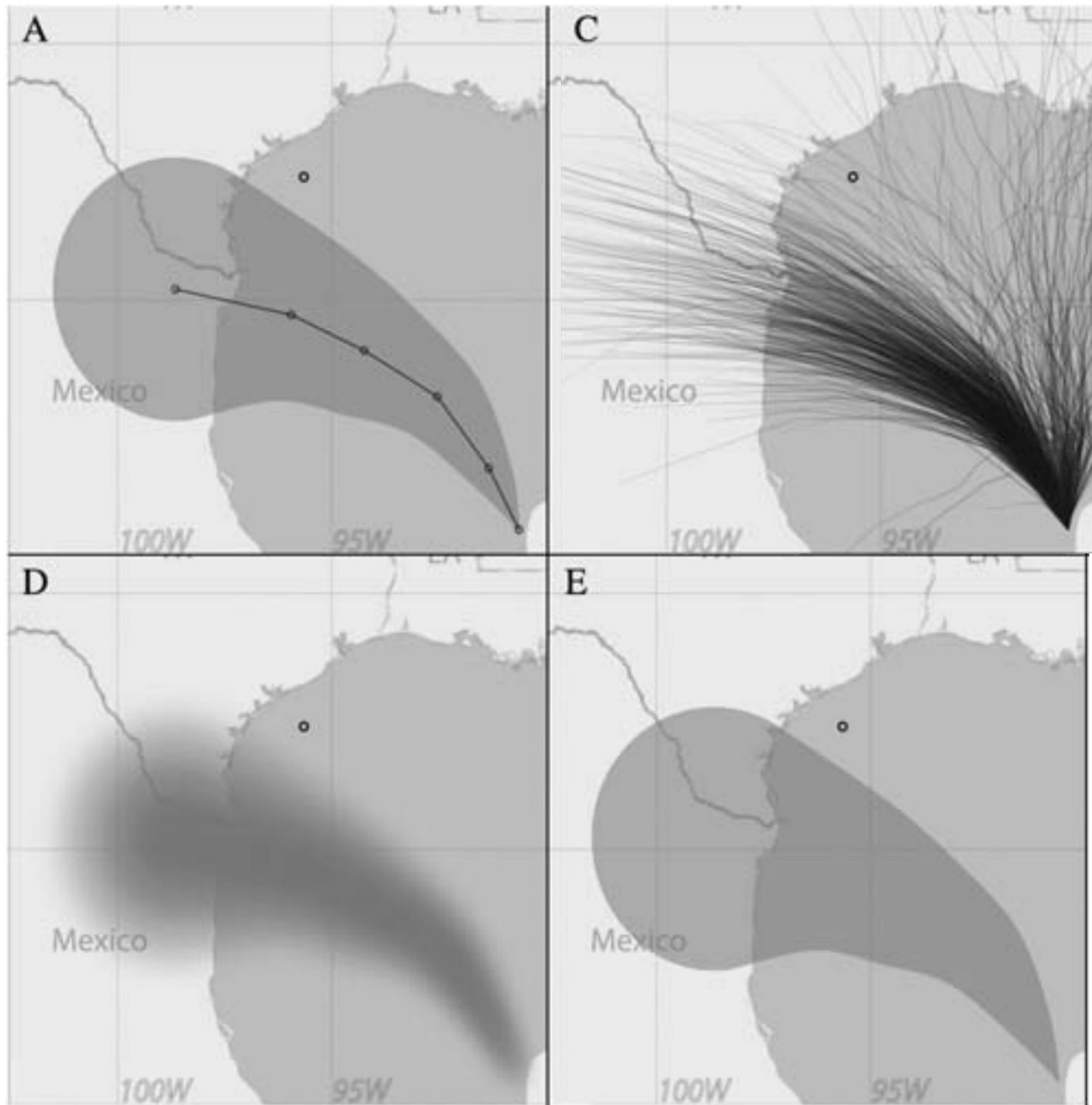


What we could be showing instead



What all this may mean!

Uncertainty



Uncertainty

